Stereoselective Synthesis of Substituted γ -Butyrolactones by the [3 + 2] Annulation of Allylic Silanes with Chlorosulfonyl Isocyanate: Enantioselective Total Synthesis of (+)-Blastmycinone

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Supporting Information

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General. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded at ambient temperature at 500 MHz and 125 MHz, respectively, using a Bruker DRX 500 spectrometer. The data are reported as follows: chemical shift in ppm from internal tetramethylsilane on the δ scale, multiplicity (br = broad, s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet), coupling constants (Hz) and integration. High resolution mass spectra were acquired on a VG Analytical 7070E or Fisons Autospec spectrometer, and were obtained by peak matching. Microanalyses were performed by Atlantic Microlab, Atlanta, GA. Analytical gas-liquid chromatography (GLC) was performed on a Hewlett Packard 5890 Level 4 chromatograph, equipped with a split mode injection system and a flame ionization detector. Fused silica capillary column (30 m × 0.32 mm) wall-coated with DB-1 (J & W Scientific) was used with helium as the carrier gas. Melting points are reported uncorrected. Analytical thin layer chromatography was performed using EM Reagents 0.25 mm silica gel 60–F plates. Liquid chromatography was performed using forced flow (flash chromatography) of the indicated solvent system on EM Reagents silica gel (SiO₂) 60 (230–400) mesh. Enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC analysis on a Hewlett Packard series 1100 using a Chiralcel OD-H column, and the enantiomerically enriched material was compared with racemic material. All reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of nitrogen in glassware which had been flame-dried under a stream of nitrogen. Unless otherwise noted, all reagents were commercially obtained and, where appropriate, purified prior to use. Toluene, THF, Et₂O, and CH₂Cl₂ were dried by filtration through alumina according to the procedure of Grubbs. Methanol was distilled over CaH₂ prior to use. LiCl was dried at 150 °C at 0.05 mmHg for 8 h, then stored in an Innovative Technologies nitrogen atmosphere drybox. Chlorosulfonyl isocyanate was purchased from Aldrich and distilled over K₂CO₃ prior to use. Alkyllithium and Grignard reagents were purchased from Aldrich or were prepared from the corresponding alkyl halides, and were titrated using salicylaldehyde phenylhydrazone as an indicator.²

I. Syntheses of Allylsilanes 2

The syntheses of allylsilanes 2a and 2b have been reported.³

A. Allylsilanes 2c and 2d

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si OCONHPh$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si OCONHPh$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si OCONHPh$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si OCONHPh$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si OCONHPh$$

¹ Pangborn, A. B.; Giardello, M. A.; Grubbs, R. H.; Rosen, R. K.; Timmers, F. J. Organometallics 1996, 15, 1518-1520.

² Love, B. E.; Jones, E. G. J. Org. Chem. **1999**, 64, 3755 -3756.

³ Peng, Z.-H.; Woerpel, K. A. Org. Lett. **2000**, 2, 1379-1381.

(±)-(*E*)-1-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-1-phenyl-2-butene (2c). The general procedure for the copper-mediated $S_N 2'$ reaction was followed.^{3,4} The reagents used were: 17³ (0.415 g, 1.00 mmol), *n*-BuLi (1.40 M solution in hexanes, 0.710 mL, 1.00 mmol), CuI (0.190 g, 1.00 mmol), LiCl (0.085 g, 2.0 mmol), and phenylmagnesium bromide (0.970 M solution in THF, 1.03 mL, 1.00 mmol). Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes) afforded 2c as a colorless oil (0.314 g, 88%) with a *E/Z* ratio > 99:1 and γ:α ratio of 97:3 as indicated by capillary GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture: GC t_R 7.1 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 275 °C at 10 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.40-7.24 (m, 10H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 5.83 (ddq, *J* = 14.9, 10.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (dq, *J* = 14.9, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.64 (s, 1H), 3.07 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 1.4 Hz, 3H), 0.20 (s, 3H), 0.10 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 142.6, 142.53, 142.49, 129.9, 129.22, 129.17, 128.43, 128.38, 127.6, 125.41, 125.36 124.8, 124.5, 43.8, 41.1, 18.7, -3.6, -4.0; IR (thin film) 3023, 1596, 1493, 1248 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / z calcd for C₂₅H₂₈Si (M⁺) 356.1960, found 356.1960. Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₂₈Si: C, 84.22; H, 7.92. Found: C, 84.24; H, 7.98.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si OCONHPh$$

$$\uparrow Bu$$

$$17$$

$$2d$$

(±)-(*E*)-4-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-6,6-dimethyl-2-heptene (2d). The general procedure was followed with carbamate 17 (1.25 g, 3.00 mmol), *n*-BuLi (2.10 M solution in hexanes, 1.43 mL, 3.00 mmol), CuI (0.571 g, 3.00 mmol), LiCl (0.254 g, 6.00 mmol), and neopentylmagnesium bromide (0.350 M solution in THF, 8.57 mL, 3.00 mmol). Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes) afforded 2d, as a colorless oil (0.986 g, 94%) with a *E*/*Z* ratio of 98:2 and γ:α ratio of > 99:1 as indicated by capillary GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture: GC t_R 5.8 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.29 (m, 8H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 5.09 (ddq, J = 15.2, 9.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (dq, J = 15.2, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 1H), 1.68 (td, J = 9.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 1.52 (dd, J = 6.2, 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.22 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.18 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 0.78 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 3H), 0.02 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 143.3, 143.2, 134.8, 129.5, 129.4, 128.7, 128.6, 125.6, 125.5, 122.0, 43.8, 42.8, 32.8, 30.3, 28.4, 18.5, -4.3, -4.5; IR (thin film) 2953, 1597, 1494, 1248 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₂₄H₃₄Si (M⁺) 350.2430, found 350.2427. Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₄Si: C, 82.23; H, 9.78. Found: C, 82.34; H, 9.83.

(±)-4-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-3-butyn-2-ol (19). To a cooled (-78 °C) solution of 18^3 (0.771 g, 5.00 mmol) in 5 mL of THF was added *n*-BuLi (1.45 M solution in hexanes, 3.45 mL, 5.00 mmol) dropwise by syringe. After 5 min, the mixture was allowed to warm to 0 °C. A solution of chlorobenzhydryldimethylsilane³ (1.43 g, 5.50 mmol) in 5 mL of THF was added dropwise. The ice/H₂O bath was removed, and after 30 min, 20 mL of 10% aqueous NaCl and 20 mL of hexanes were added to the reaction mixture. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 3 × 20 mL of hexanes. The combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with 10 mL of MeOH, and TsOH (0.190 g, 0.100 mmol) was added. After 2 h at 22 °C, 5 mL of saturated aqueous Na₂CO₃ was added to the reaction mixture. The resultant suspension was stirred for an additional 10 min, then the mixture was concentrated *in*

⁴ (a) Smitrovich, J. H.; Woerpel, K. A. J. Am. Chem. Soc. **1998**, 120, 12998-12999. (b) Smitrovich, J. H.; Woerpel, K. A. J. Org. Chem. **2000**, 65, 1601-1614.

vacuo to remove most of the MeOH. The residue was transferred to a separatory funnel containing 10 mL of 10% aqueous NaCl. The mixture was extracted with 3×20 mL of 1:1 hexane/EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (10:90 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **19** as a colorless oil (1.31 g, 89%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.33 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 4H), 7.14 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 4.45 (m, 1H), 3.59 (s, 1H), 2.03 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.15 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 142.3, 129.5, 128.8, 126.0, 110.0, 87.3, 59.1, 45.2, 24.5, -1.45, -1.46. IR (thin film) 3347, 2174, 1250 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₁₉H₂₂OSi

(M⁺) 294.1440, found 294.1440. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₂₂OSi: C, 77.51; H, 7.54. Found: C, 77.41; H, 7.49.

(±)-(*E*)-1-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-buten-3-ol (20). To a cooled ($-20\,^{\circ}$ C) solution of sodium bis-(2-methoxyethoxy)aluminum hydride (Red-Al®, 65+ wt% solution in toluene, 3.00 mL, 9.90 mmol) in 10 mL of Et₂O was slowly added a solution of **19** (1.93 g, 6.60 mmol) in 5 mL of Et₂O by cannula. After the addition, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 22 °C and stirred for 4 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and a H₂SO₄ solution (3.60 M, 4.00 mL, 14.4 mmol) was cautiously added. Then 30 mL of Et₂O and 5 mL of water were added, the layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with 3 × 20 mL of Et₂O. The combined organic layers were washed with 10 mL of brine, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (4:96 to 10:90 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **20** as a colorless oil (1.83 g, 94%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.34 (m, 8H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.08 (dd *J* = 18.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.91 (dd, *J* = 18.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (m, 1H), 3.68 (s, 1H), 1.80 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.21 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 152.3, 143.0, 129.41, 129.38, 128.7, 125.75, 125.68, 70.9, 46.0, 23.3, -2.7; IR (thin film) 3356, 1597, 1494, 1249 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₁₉H₂₄OSi (M⁺) 296.1596, found 296.1606. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₂₄OSi: C, 76.99; H, 8.17. Found: C, 76.90; H, 8.26.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si \longrightarrow Me$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si \longrightarrow Me$$

$$20$$

$$21$$

(±)-(*E*)-1-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-buten-3-ol *N*-phenylcarbamate (21). Phenyl isocyanate (0.704 mL, 6.50 mmol) was added to alcohol **20** (1.60 g, 5.40 mmol) at 22 °C. After stirring for 12 h, the resultant slurry was diluted with hexanes and then filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **21** as a colorless oil (2.05 g, 92%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.48-7.12 (m, 15H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 6.02 (dd, J = 18.9, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (d, J = 18.9 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (m, 1H), 3.64 (s, 1H), 1.37 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.17 (s, 3H), 0.16 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 153.3, 147.4, 142.8, 138.5, 129.54, 129.46, 129.45, 129.3, 128.9, 128.7, 128.2, 125.7, 123.8, 119.0, 73.6, 45.9, 20.5, –2.8, –2.9; IR (thin film) 3316, 1715, 1598, 1538, 1313 cm⁻¹; HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for C₂₆H₂₉NO₂SiNa (M + Na)⁺ 438.1865, found 438.1869. Anal. Calcd for C₂₆H₂₉NO₂Si: C, 75.40; H, 7.03; N, 3.37. Found: C, 75.30; H, 7.11; N, 3.42.

(±)-(*Z*)-4-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-6,6-dimethyl-2-heptene (2e). The general procedure was followed with carbamate **21** (0.332 g, 0.80 mmol), *n*-BuLi (1.4 M solution in hexanes, 0.57 mL, 0.80 mmol), CuI (0.152 g, 0.80 mmol), LiCl (0.067 g, 1.6 mmol), and neopentylmagnesium bromide (0.20 M solution in THF, 4.0 mL, 0.80 mmol). Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes) afforded **2e** as a colorless oil (0.255 g, 91%) with a *Z/E* ratio of 96:4 and γ:α ratio of > 99:1 as indicated by capillary GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture: GC t_R 6.3 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.34 (m, 8H), 7.18 (m, 2H), 5.24 (m, 2H), 3.73 (s, 1H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.51 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 3H), 1.39 (dd, J = 13.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (dd, J = 13.8, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 0.76 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s, 3H), 0.08 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 143.3, 143.1, 135.2, 129.7, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 125.8, 125.5, 120.1, 43.9, 43.6, 32.7, 30.2, 23.8, 13.8, -4.2, -4.7; IR (thin film) 2952, 1597, 1494, 1248 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₂₄H₃₄Si (M⁺) 350.2430, found. 350.2429. Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₄Si: C, 82.23; H, 9.78. Found: C, 82.26; H, 9.82.

C. Allylsilanes **2f** and **2g**



3-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-2-propyn-1-ol (**22).** The same procedure given for **19** was followed. The reagents used were: **10** (2.10 g, 15.0 mmol), *n*-BuLi (2.50 M solution in hexanes, 6.00 mL, 15.0 mmol), chlorobenzhydryldimethylsilane (4.04 g, 15.5 mmol), and *p*-TsOH (0.190 g, 1.00 mmol). Purification by flash chromatography (10:90 to 20:80 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **22** as a colorless oil (3.94 g, 94%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.32 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 7.25 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.59 (s, 1H), 1.83 (t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 0.15 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 142.3, 129.5, 128.9, 126.0, 106.8, 89.5, 52.1, 45.2, -1.4; IR (thin film) 3404, 2175, 1251 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₁₈H₂₀OSi (M⁺) 280.1283, found 280.1291. Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₂₀OSi: C, 77.09; H, 7.19. Found: C, 77.15; H, 7.29.

(*E*)-3-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-2-propen-1-ol (23). The same procedure given for 20 was followed with 22 (3.94 g, 14.0 mmol) and sodium bis-(2-methoxyethoxy)aluminum hydride (Red-Al[®], 65+ wt% solution in toluene, 6.30 mL, 21.0 mmol). Purification by flash chromatography (10:90 to 20:80 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 23 as a colorless oil (3.45 g, 87%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.33 (m, 8H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.17 (dt, J = 18.9, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (dt, J = 18.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (s, 1H), 1.83 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 0.19 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 147.4, 143.1, 129.4, 128.8, 127.0, 125.7, 65.8, 45.9, -2.7; IR (thin film) 3331, 1597, 1494, 1248 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₁₈H₂₂OSi (M⁺) 282.1440, found 282.1439. Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₂₂OSi: C, 76.56; H, 7.86. Found: C, 76.35; H, 7.87.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$
 OCONHPh

23

24

(*E*)-1-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-propen-3-ol *N*-phenylcarbamate (24). Phenyl isocyanate (1.35 mL, 12.4 mmol) was added to alcohol 23 (3.20 g, 11.3 mmol) at 22 °C. After stirring for 12 h, the resultant slurry was diluted with hexanes and then filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 24 as a pale yellow oil (4.38 g, 97%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.49-7.13 (m, 15H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 6.13 (dt, J = 18.9, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (d, J = 18.9 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (m,

2H), 3.67 (s, 1H), 0.19 (s, 6H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 153.7, 142.9, 142.1, 138.3, 130.7, 129.6, 129.4, 128.8, 125.7, 124.0, 119.2, 67.7, 45.8, –2.8; IR (thin film) 3328, 1713, 1599, 1537, 1494, 1219 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m/z calcd for $C_{25}H_{27}NO_2Si$ (M⁺) 401.1811, found 401.1806. Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{27}NO_2Si$: C, 74.77; H, 6.78; N, 3.49. Found: C, 75.03; H, 6.80; N, 3.56.

(±)-3-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-5,5-dimethyl-1-hexene (2f). Following the general procedure with carbamate **24** (0.401 g, 1.00 mmol), n-BuLi (2.00 M solution in hexanes, 0.500 mL, 1.00 mmol), CuI (0.190 g, 1.00 mmol), LiCl (0.085 g, 2.0 mmol), and neopentylmagnesium bromide (0.320 M solution in THF, 3.20 mL, 1.00 mmol) afforded **2f**, after purification by flash chromatography (hexanes), as a colorless oil (0.297 g, 88%) with a γ:α ratio of 96:4 as indicated by capillary GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture: GC t_R 5.5 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.34 (m, 8H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 5.66 (dt, J = 17.1, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (dd, J = 10.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (ddd, J = 17.1, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 1H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.36 (m, 2H), 0.81 (s, 9H), 0.15 (s, 3H), 0.10 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 143.2, 143.0, 142.8, 129.6, 129.4, 128.82, 128.75, 125.7, 125.6, 111.8, 43.6, 42.5, 33.0, 30.4, 30.3, -4.4, -4.6; IR (thin film) 1622, 1597, 1494 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₂₃H₃₂Si (M⁺) 336.2273, found 336.2264. Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₂Si: C, 82.09; H, 9.59. Found: C, 82.14; H, 9.66.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si OCONHPh$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si Me$$

$$24$$

$$2g$$

(±)-3-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-butene (2g). Following the general procedure with carbamate 24 (0.401 g, 1.00 mmol), n-BuLi (2.00 M solution in hexanes, 0.500 mL, 1.00 mmol), CuI (0.190 g, 1.00 mmol), LiCl (0.085 g, 2.0 mmol), and methyllithium (0.910 M solution in Et₂O, 1.10 mL, 1.00 mmol) afforded 2g, after purification by flash chromatography (hexanes), as a colorless oil (0.245 g, 88%) with a γ:α ratio of > 99:1 as indicated by capillary GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture: GC t_R 3.6 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.34 (m, 8H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 5.86 (ddd, J = 17.5, 10.4, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (dt, J = 10.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (dt, J = 17.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 1H), 1.89 (quintet, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 1.06 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.13 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 143.0, 141.5, 129.4, 128.8, 125.7, 111.3, 44.0, 26.2, 13.6, -4.9, -5.1; IR (thin film) 1626, 1597, 1484 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₁₉H₂₄Si (M⁺) 280.1647, found 280.1643. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₂₄Si: C, 81.38; H, 8.63. Found: C, 81.36; H, 8.64.

II. [3 + 2] Annulation of Allysilanes 2 with Chlorosulfonyl Isocyanate

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si, Me$$

$$PhMe_2Si$$

$$So_2CI$$

$$Ph = (Ph_2CH)Me_2Si, Me$$

$$PhMe_2Si$$

$$So_2CI$$

(4R*,3S*,5S*)-4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-5-dimethylphenylsilylmethyl-3-methyl-2-furanone (5a) and (4R*,3S*,5S*)-4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-1-chlorosulfonyl-5-dimethylphenylsilylmethyl-3-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (4a). To a cooled (0 °C) solution of (*E*)-2-(benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-(dimethylphenylsilyl)-3-pentene 2a (0.128 g, 0.300 mmol) in 4 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added chlorosulfonyl isocyanate (0.065 mL, 0.75

mmol). After stirring at 0 °C for 2 h, 3 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The mixture was extracted with 3 × 15 mL of EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was then dissolved in 4 mL of THF, and then 0.3 mL of HCl (1.0 N, 0.30 mmol) was added. After 12 h at 22 °C, 2 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added, the mixture was extracted with 3×20 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **4a** (0.014 g, 8%) and **5a** (0.113 g, 79%), both as white solids. **4a**: mp 104–106 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.46-7.10 (m, 15H), 4.38 (dt, J = 11.2, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (s, 1H), 2.29 (qd, J = 1.2) 7.4, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (dd, J = 14.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (dd, J = 14.3, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 0.94 (t, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 0.85 (d, J = 7.4, 3H), 0.31 (s, 3H), 0.29 (s, 3H), 0.05 (s, 3H), -0.12 (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 175.7, 141.6, 141.5, 137.4, 134.3, 130.1, 129.4, 129.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.6, 126.4, 126.2, 62.5, 43.9, 39.9, 31.1, 25.9, 19.5, -1.4, -1.6, -3.7, -5.0; IR (KBr) 1752, 1403 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m/z calcd for $C_{29}H_{37}ClNO_3SSi_2$ (M + H)⁺ 570.1721, found 570.1716. Anal. Calcd for $C_{29}H_{36}ClNO_3SSi_2$: C, 61.14; H, 6.37; N, 2.46. Found: C, 61.28; H, 6.51; N, 2.46. **5a**: mp 132–133 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.49-7.12 (m, 15H), 4.23 (td, J =10.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (s, 1H), 2.31 (dq, J = 12.2, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (dd, J = 12.2, 10.3 Hz, 1H), 1.06 (d, J = 7.0Hz, 3H), 0.98 (dd, J = 15.1, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 0.87 (dd, J = 15.1, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 0.33 (s, 3H), 0.30 (s, 3H), 0.09 (s, 3H), 0.04 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 180.2, 142.04, 142.01, 138.8, 134.2, 129.6, 129.3, 129.26, 129.2, 129.1, 128.4, 126.32, 126.28, 79.8, 44.8, 40.4, 39.1, 25.3, 17.2, -1.4, -2.3, -3.1, -3.2; IR (KBr) 1759, 1255 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for $C_{29}H_{37}O_2Si_2$ (M + H)⁺ 473.2332, found 473.2326. Anal. Calcd for C₂₉H₃₆O₂Si₂: C, 73.68; H, 7.68. Found: C, 73.39; H, 7.69.

(4R*,3S*,5S*)-4-Benzhvdrvldimethylsilyl-3.5-methyl-2-furanone (4R*.3S*.5S*)-4-Benzhy-(5b)and dryldimethylsilyl-3,5-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (4b). To a cooled (0 °C) solution of 2b (0.060 g, 0.20 mmol) in 5 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added chlorosulfonyl isocyanate (0.021 mL, 0.24 mmol). After 2 h, 2 mL of 25% aqueous Na₂SO₃ was added. The reaction mixture was then stirred vigorously at 22 °C for 12 h. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with 3×10 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (10:90 to 80:20 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 5b as a colorless oil (0.011 g, 16%, 95:5 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture) and 4b³ as a white solid (0.178 g, 77%, 98:2 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture). **5b**: GC t_R 9.2 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.26 (m, 8H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 4.28 (dq, J = 10.3, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (s, 1H), 2.41 (dq, J = 12.2, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.13 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H and m, 1H), 0.16 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 180.2, 141.9, 129.25, 129.21, 129.16, 126.3, 77.8, 44.8, 39.3, 38.6, 22.4, 17.3, -3.3, -3.4; IR (thin film) 2974, 1769 cm⁻¹; HRMS (FAB) m / z calcd for $C_{21}H_{27}O_2Si$ (M + H)⁺ 339.1780, found 339.1782. Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₂₆O₂Si: C, 74.52; H, 7.75. Found: C, 74.59; H, 7.92.

(4R*,3S*,5S*)-4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-3-methyl-5-phenyl-2-furanone (5c) and (4R*,3S*,5S*)-4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-3-methyl-5-phenyl-2-pyrrolidinone (4c). To a cooled (0 °C) solution of 2c (0.107 g, 0.300 mmol) in 3 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added chlorosulfonyl isocyanate (0.065 mL, 0.75 mmol). After 3 h, 3

mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The mixture was extracted with 3×10 mL of EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with 3 mL of CH₂Cl₂, and 3 mL of 25% aqueous Na₂SO₃ was added. The reaction mixture was then stirred vigorously at 22 °C for 12 h. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with 3 × 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 3 mL of THF, and 0.3 mL of HCl (1.0 N, 0.30 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 22 °C for 12 h, and 2 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added, the mixture was extracted with 3×20 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (5:95 to 80:20 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 5c as a colorless viscous oil (0.036 g, 30%, 98:2 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture) and 4c as a white solid $(0.068 \text{ g}, 57\%, \ge 99:1 \text{ diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture}).$ 5c: GC t_R 11.3 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 275 °C at 10 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.45-7.15 (m, 13H), 7.01 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 5.13 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (s, 1H), 2.60 (dq, J = 12.4, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (dd, J = 12.2, 11.1 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.12 (s, 3H), 0.09 (s, 3H); (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 179.4, 141.5, 141.2, 138.5, 129.3, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 127.6, 125.8, 125.7, 83.1, 44.2, 39.4, 38.7, 17.0, -2.9, -3.1; IR (thin film) 3025, 2969, 1770 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/NH₃) m/z calcd for C₂₆H₂₉O₂Si $(M + H)^{+}$ 401.1937, found 401.1936. Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{28}O_{2}Si$: C, 77.96; H, 7.05. Found: C, 77.57; H, 7.15. **4c**: GC t_R 12.8 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 275 °C at 10 °C / min, 16 psi); mp 142–144 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.34-7.06 (m, 13H), 6.94 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 4.39 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (s, 1H), 2.33 (dq, J = 9.9, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.34 (dd, J = 9.7, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 1.09 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.09 (s, 3H), 0.07 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 180.2, 142.8, 141.9, 141.7, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.3, 127.1, 125.6, 125.5, 59.0, 44.1, 39.4, 38.9, 18.5, -3.1, -3.5; IR (KBr) 3186, 1686 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / zcalcd for $C_{26}H_{30}ONSi~(M+H)^{+}~400.2096$, found 400.2097. Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{29}ONSi:~C,~78.15;~H,~7.31;~N,~1.0000$ 3.51. Found: C, 77.95; H, 7.38; N, 3.40.

 $(4R^*,3S^*,5S^*)$ -4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-3-methyl-5-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-2-furanone (5d). To a solution of chlorosulfonyl isocyanate (0.065 mL, 0.75 mmol) in 1 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added 4-methyl-2,6-di-tertbutylpyridine (0.020 g, 0.10 mmol) at 22 °C. After 10 min, this mixture was added to a solution of **2d** (0.105 g, 0.300 mmol) in 2 mL of CH_2Cl_2 at -50 °C. After 24 h, 3 mL of saturated aqueous $NaHCO_3$ was added. The mixture was extracted with 3 × 10 mL of EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was then dissolved in 3 mL of THF, and 0.3 mL of HCl (1.0 N, 0.30 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 22 °C. After 12 h, 2 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added. The mixture was extracted with 3×20 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (3:97 to 5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **5d** as a white solid (0.073 g, 61%, 97:3 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture): GC t_R 11.8 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); mp 96–98 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.29-7.22 (m, 8H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 4.27 (td, J = 10.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (s, 1H), 2.36 (dq, J = 12.1, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (dd, J = 15.1, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (dd, J = 15.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 1.13 (m, 1H and d, $\tilde{J} = 7.0$ Hz, 3H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.17 (s, 3H), 0.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 180.5, 142.0, 129.3, 129.24, 129.20, 129.14, 126.4, 126.3, 79.0, 50.9, 44.8, 38.2, 37.2, 31.0, 30.4, 17.4, -3.0, -3.2; IR (KBr) 2958, 1762 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m/z calcd for $C_{25}H_{35}O_2Si$ (M + H)⁺ 395.2406, found 395.2406. Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{34}O_2Si$: C, 76.10; H, 8.69. Found: C, 76.22; H, 8.83.

(3*R**,4*R**,5*S**)-4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-3-methyl-5-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-2-furanone (5e). Using the procedure given for 5a with 2e (0.105 g, 0.300 mmol), chlorosulfonyl isocyanate (0.065 mL, 0.75 mmol) and HCl (1.0 N, 0.30 mL, 0.30 mmol) afforded 5e, after purification by flash chromatography (3:97 to 5:95 EtOAc/hexanes), as a colorless oil (0.096 g, 81%, 94:6 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture): GC t_R 12.7 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.29-7.14 (m, 10H), 4.55 (td, J = 9.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (s, 1H), 2.36 (quintet, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (dd, J = 9.3, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 1.42 (dd, J = 15.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (m, 1H and d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.21 (s, 3H), 0.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 180.0, 140.99, 140.98, 128.45, 128.43, 128.39, 125.6, 125.5, 79.2, 49.3, 44.6, 38.0, 35.0, 30.6, 30.1, 14.9, -1.8, -2.2; IR (thin film) 2955, 1770 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) m / z calcd for C₂₅H₃₅O₂Si (M + H)⁺ 395.2406, found 395.2397. Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₃₄O₂Si: C, 76.10; H, 8.69. Found: C, 75.95; H, 8.85.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si_{,} \qquad (Ph_2CH)Me_2Si_{,} \qquad (Ph_2CH$$

 $(4R^*,5S^*)$ -4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-5-methyl-2-furanone (5f) and $(4R^*,5S^*)$ -4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-5-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (4f). The procedure given for 5b and 4b with 2f (0.140 g, 0.500 mmol), chlorosulfonyl isocyanate (0.108 mL, 1.25 mmol) and 25% Na₂SO₃ (5 mL) was followed. Purification by flash chromatography (10:90 to 80:20 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 5f as a colorless oil (0.060 g, 37%, 91:9 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture) and 4f as a white solid (0.066 g, 42%, 91:9 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture). 5f: GC t_R 9.2 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.24 (m, 8H), 7.10 (m, 2H), 4.38 (dq, J = 10.1, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (s, 1H), 2.24 (dd, J = 17.7, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (dd, J = 17.8, 11.8 Hz, 1H), 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 0.14 (s, 6H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 177.0, 141.4, 141.3, 128.81, 128.79, 128.7, 128.6, 125.9, 80.0, 44.7, 32.6, 30.8, 22.2, -3.3, -4.6; IR (thin film) 2901, 1768 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) m / z calcd for $C_{20}H_{24}O_2Si$ (M⁺) 324.1545, found 324.1540. Anal. $C_{20}H_{24}O_2Si: C$, 74.03; H, 7.45. Found: C, 74.29; H, 7.55. **4f**: GC t_R 11.0 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.31 (m, 8H), 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 3.62 (m, 2H), 2.24 (dd, J = 17.2, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (dd, J = 17.2, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (td, J = 10.3, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 1.12 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H), 0.17 (s, 3H), 0.16 (s, 3H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 178.1, 141.83, 141.79, 128.7, 128.6, 125.7, 52.4, 44.6, 33.5, 28.8, 23.7, -3.6, -4.7; IR (KBr) 3180, 1697 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / zcalcd for $C_{20}H_{26}ONSi$ (M + H)⁺ 324.1784, found 324.1784. Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{25}ONSi$: C, 74.26; H, 7.80; N, 4.33. Found: C, 74.15; H, 7.82; N, 4.34.

(4R*,5S*)-4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-5-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-2-furanone (5g). The same procedure given for 5a was followed. The reagents used were: 2g (0.101 g, 0.300 mmol), N-chlorosufonyl isocyanate (0.039 mL, 0.45 mmol), 1.0 N HCl (0.45 mL, 0.45 mmol). Purification by flash chromatography (3:97 to 5:95

EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **5g** as a white solid (0.094 g, 82%, 96:4 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture): GC t_R 8.7 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 275 °C at 10 °C / min, 16 psi); mp 64–66 °C; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.31–7.15 (m, 10H), 4.39 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (s, 1H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 1.47 (dd, J = 15.1, 9.6 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (q, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 1.29 (d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 0.92 (s, 9H), 0.15 (s, 3H), 0.14 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 177.9, 141.80, 141.76, 129.3, 129.2, 129.01, 128.96, 126.33, 126.31, 81.4, 50.7, 44.8, 31.8, 30.9, 30.3, 29.5, –3.1, –4.5; IR (thin film) 2956, 1769 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₂₄H₃₃O₂Si (M + H)⁺ 381.2249, found 381.2251. Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₃₂O₂Si: C, 75.75; H, 8.48. Found: C, 75.71; H, 8.56.

III. Enantioselective Synthesis of (+)-Blastmycinone

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$

$$(\pm)-12$$

(±)-1-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-heptyn-3-ol (12). To a solution of 22 (3.70 g, 13.2 mmol) in 30 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added PCC (8.60 g, 40.0 mmol) and NaOAc (0.164 g, 2.00mmol). After 4 h at 22 °C, 100 mL of Et₂O was added. The mixture was filtered through a plug of silica gel, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in 30 mL of dry Et₂O and was added slowly through syringe pump over 20 min to a cooled (-78 °C) solution of *n*-BuLi (2.10 M solution in hexanes, 6.90 mL, 14.5 mmol) in 40 mL of dry Et₂O. After the addition, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to -30 °C. After 3 h, 30 mL of saturated aqueous NH₄Cl was added. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 3 × 50 mL of Et₂O. The combined organic layers were dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (3:97 to 5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded (±)-12 as a colorless oil (3.15 g, 71%): 1 H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.32 (m, 4H), 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 4.31 (m, 1H), 3.59 (s, 1H), 1.82 (s, 1H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.31 (m, 4H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.15 (s, 6H); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 142.3, 129.5, 128.8, 126.0, 109.9, 88.1, 63.4, 45.3, 37.7, 27.7, 22.9, 14.5, -1.4; IR (thin film) 3355, 2171, 1598, 1494, 1250 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / z calcd for C₂₂H₃₂ONSi (M + NH₄)⁺ 354.2253, found 354.2254. Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₂₈OSi; C, 78.53; H, 8.39. Found: C, 78.45; H, 8.44.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$

$$(\pm)-12$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$

$$11$$

1-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-heptyn-3-one (**11).** A solution of (±)-**12** (0.800 g, 2.37 mmol) in 5 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added to a suspension of PDC (1.34 g, 3.56 mmol) in 5 mL of CH₂Cl₂ at 22 °C. After 12 h, 20 mL of Et₂O was added. The mixture was filtered through a plug of silica gel, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (2:98 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **11** as a colorless oil (0.719 g, 91%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.29 (m, 8H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 3.66 (s, 1H), 2.49 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.60 (quintet, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (sextet, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.22 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 187.3, 140.7, 128.2, 125.5, 103.7, 95.7, 45.1, 44.2 26.2, 22.2, 14.0, -2.2; IR (thin film) 2959, 2150, 1682, 1494, 1253 cm⁻¹; HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / z calcd for C₂₂H₂₆OSi (M⁺) 334.1753, found 334.1741. Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₂₆OSi: C, 79.00; H, 7.84. Found: C, 78.77; H, 7.89.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$

$$(S)-12$$

(–)-(*S*)-1-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-heptyn-3-ol (12). A 50 mL of Schlenk flask was charged with Noyori's ruthenium catalyst⁵ (0.032 g, 0.054 mmol), **11** (0.600 g, 1.79 mmol), and *i*-PrOH (18 mL). The orange-brown reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 22 °C, then transferred to a round bottom flask and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a brown oil. Purification by flash chromatography (5:95 to 10:90 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded (*S*)-**12** as a colorless oil (0.596 g, 99%). The product was identical to (±)-**12** by ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectroscopic analyses (*vide supra*): $[\alpha]^{23}_{D}$ –5.9 (*c* 1.25, CHCl₃).

Preparation of Mosher Ester⁶ **of** (±)-12. To a solution of (±)-12 (0.013 g, 0.040 mmol) in 0.50 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added successively 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)pyridine (0.005 g, 0.04 mmol), triethylamine (0.028 mL, 0.20 mmol) and (S)-α-methoxy-α-(trifluoromethyl)phenylacetyl chloride (0.015 mL, 0.080 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 22 °C for 3 h, and ethanolamine (0.027 mL, 0.44 mmol) was added. The resultant mixture was filtered through a plug of silica gel, washing with 25:75 EtOAc/hexanes. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. ¹H NMR spectroscopic and capillary GC analyses indicated a 1:1 ratio of diastereomers: t_R 11.2 min; t_R 11.3 min, DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped at 10 °C/min to 275 °C, 16 psi.

Preparation of Mosher Ester⁶ **of** (–)-(S)-12. The procedure given for the preparation of the Mosher ester of (±)-12 was followed. The reagents used were: (S)-12 (0.013 g, 0.040 mmol), 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)pyridine (0.005 g, 0.04 mmol), triethylamine (0.028 mL, 0.20 mmol), (S)- α -methoxy- α -(trifluoromethyl)phenylacetyl chloride (0.015 mL, 0.080 mmol) and ethanolamine (0.027 mL, 0.44 mmol). H NMR spectroscopic and capillary GC analyses indicated a 98.7:1.3 ratio of diastereomers: (S, S)-isomer: t_R 11.2 min; (S, R)- isomer: t_R 11.3 min, DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped at 10 °C/min to 275 °C, 16 psi.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$

$$(S)-12$$

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si$$

$$(S)-25$$

2-[3-(Benzyhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-butyl-2-propynyloxy)tetrahydropyran (25). To a cooled (0 °C) solution of (S)-12 (1.60 g, 4.74 mmol) and CSA (0.012 g, 0.05 mmol) in 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂ was added 3,4-dihydro-2Hpyran (0.48 mL, 5.22 mmol) dropwise by addition funnel over a period of 1 h. Upon completion of the addition, the ice bath was removed and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 22 °C. After 2 h, the reaction mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel with 5 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The organic layer was separated and washed with 5 mL of brine, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (3:97 to 5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 25 as a colorless oil (1.91 g, 96%). H NMR spectroscopic analysis indicated that the acetal was an approximately 60:40 mixture of diastereomers: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.35 (m, 8H, major+minor), 7.24 (m, 8H, major+minor), 4.88 (t, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, minor), 4.76 (t, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, major), 4.39 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, minor), 4.26 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, major), 3.95 (td, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H, majo 10.8, 2.8 Hz, 1H, major), 3.79 (ddd, J = 11.4, 8.5, 2.9 Hz, 1H, minor), 3.57 (s, 1H, major), 3.56 (s, 1H, minor), 3.50 (m, 1H, minor), 3.43 (m, 1H, major), 1.87-1.29 (m, 24H, major+minor), 0.91 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H, minor), 0.90 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, major), 0.132 (s, 6H, minor), 0.130 (s, 6H, major); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) major isomer: δ 141.9, 128.96, 128.15, 125.28, 108.3, 97.8, 87.1, 67.6, 61.8, 44.7, 35.3, 30.4, 27.3, 25.4, 22.4, 18.8, 14.0, -1.9. Characteristic signals of the minor isomer: 141.8, 128.91, 128.17, 125.32, 107.3, 95.4, 87.9, 65.3, 62.2, 35.19, 30.45, 27.5, 19.3; IR (thin film) 2955, 2170, 1597, 1494 cm⁻¹; HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for $C_{27}H_{37}O_2Si$ (M + H)⁺ 421.2562, found 421.2573. Anal. Calcd for $C_{27}H_{36}O_2Si$: C, 77.10; H, 8.63. Found: C, 76.93; H, 8.65.

⁵ Hashiguchi, S.; Fujii, A.; Haack, K.-J.; Matsumura, K.; Ikariya, T.; Noyori, R. Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl. 1997, 36, 288-290.

⁶ Dale, J. A.; Dull, D. L.; Mosher, H. S. J. Org. Chem. **1969**, 34, 2543–2549.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si \qquad DTHP \\ (Ph_2CH)Me_2Si \qquad DH$$

(-)-(*S*)-(*Z*)-1-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-hepten-3-ol (26). Following the previous procedure³ with 25 (1.90 g, 4.52 mmol), BH₃·DMS (0.640 mL, 6.78 mmol), cyclohexene (1.37 mL, 13.6 mmol), acetic acid (0.65 mL, 11.3 mmol) and *p*-TsOH (0.085 g, 0.045 mmol) afforded 26, after purification by flash chromatography (3:97 to 5:95 EtOAc/hexanes), as a colorless oil (1.38 g, 90%) with a *Z/E* ratio > 99:1 as indicated by capillary GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture: GC t_R 6.2 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 250 °C at 5 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.25 (m, 8H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.21 (dd, J = 14.2, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.63 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.62 (s, 1H), 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.28 (m, 4H), 1.16 (m, 1H), 1.03 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1 H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.22 (s, 3H), 0.12 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 151.6, 142.2, 142.1, 128.7, 128.6, 128.13, 128.12, 127.9, 125.2, 125.1, 72.4, 46.0, 36.5, 27.7, 22.9, 14.3, -0.5, -0.8; IR (thin film) 3416, 2956, 2859, 1597 cm⁻¹; [α]²³_D -33.0 (c 1.03, CHCl₃); HRMS (FAB) m / c calcd for C₂₂H₃₀OSiNa (M + Na)⁺ 361.1964, found 361.1957. Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₃₀OSi: C, 78.06; H, 8.94. Found: C, 77.89; H, 8.99.

(+)-(*S*)-(*Z*)-1-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-hepten-3-ol *N*-phenylcarbamate (13). Phenyl isocyanate (0.487 mL, 4.50 mmol) was added to 26 (1.38 g, 4.07 mmol) at 22 °C. After stirring for 18 h, the resultant slurry was diluted with hexanes and then filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 13 as a pale yellow oil (1.83 g, 98%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.37-7.01 (m, 15H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 6.23 (dd, J = 14.5, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (dd, J = 14.5, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (m, 1H), 3.72 (s, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.34-1.24 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.26 (s, 3H), 0.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 152.8, 146.5, 142.5, 142.4, 138.0, 130.6, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.5, 128.3, 128.27, 125.3, 125.2, 123.2, 118.5, 75.3, 45.4, 34.8, 27.2, 22.6, 14.0, -1.3, -1.4; IR (thin film) 3401, 3334, 1728, 1600, 1217 cm⁻¹; [α]²³_D +15.8 (*c* 1.10, CHCl₃); HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / z calcd for C₂₉H₃₆NO₂Si (M + H)⁺ 458.2515, found 458.2518. Anal. Calcd for C₂₉H₃₅NO₂Si: C, 76.11; H, 7.71; N, 3.06. Found: C, 75.97; H, 7.89; N, 3.03.

$$(Ph_2CH)Me_2Si \qquad OCONHPh \qquad PhMe_2Si \qquad Me$$

$$13 \qquad 14$$

(–)-(*S*)-(*E*)-2-(Benzhydryldimethylsilyl)-1-dimethylphenylsilyl-3-octene (14). The general procedure^{3,4} was followed with 13 (1.81 g, 4.00 mmol), *n*-BuLi (1.20 M solution in hexanes, 3.33 mL, 4.00 mmol), CuI (0.762 g, 4.00 mmol), LiCl (0.337 g, 8.00 mmol), and (dimethylphenylsilyl)methylmagnesium chloride (0.730 M solution in THF, 6.03 mL, 4.40 mmol). Purification by flash chromatography (hexanes) afforded 14 as a colorless oil (1.66 g, 88%) with a *E/Z* ratio of 98:2 and γ:α ratio of > 99:1 as indicated by capillary GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture and an ee of 95% as determined by chiral HPLC analysis: GC t_R 11.0 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 275 °C at 10 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.53-7.20 (m, 15H), 5.19 (m, 2H), 3.79 (s, 1H), 2.05 (m, 2H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.44 (m, 4H), 1.05 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (dd, J = 14.7, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 0.86 (d, J = 14.7 Hz, 1H), 0.33 (s, 3H), 0.26 (s, 3H), 0.16 (s, 3H), 0.13 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR

(CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 142.8, 142.7, 140.1, 133.6, 132.0, 129.0, 128.9, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.6, 125.2, 125.1, 43.4, 32.5, 32.0, 26.0, 22.4, 14.5, 14.1, -1.8, -2.7, -5.0, -5.5; IR (thin film) 2923, 1596, 1247, 1113 cm⁻¹; [α]²³_D -3.90 (c 1.07, CHCl₃); HRMS (FAB) m / z calcd for C₃₁H₄₃Si₂ (M + H)⁺ 471.2903, found 471.2916. Anal. Calcd for C₃₁H₄₂Si₂: C, 79.10; H, 9.00. Found: C, 78.80; H, 8.96.

(-)-(4R,3S,5S)-4-Benzhydryldimethylsilyl-3-butyl-5-dimethylphenylsilylmethyl-2-furanone (15). The procedure given for **5a** was followed with **14** (0.775 g, 1.65 mmol), chlorosulfonyl isocyanate (0.360 mL, 4.10 mmol), and HCl (1.0 N, 3.2 mL, 3.2 mmol). Purification by flash chromatography (3:97 to 5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **15** as a colorless oil (0.606 g, 72%, 97:3 diastereomer ratio as determined by GC analysis of the unpurified reaction mixture, 94% ee as determined by chiral HPLC analysis): GC t_R 17.4 min (DB-1, 1 min at 200 °C then ramped to 275 °C at 10 °C / min, 16 psi); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 7.50-7.12 (m, 15H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.47 (s, 1H), 2.36 (ddd, J = 10.8, 7.3, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.31 (dd, J = 10.7, 8.9 Hz, 1H), 1.17 (m, 3H), 1.07 (m, 1H), 0.92 (m, 2H), 0.85 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.34 (s, 3H), 0.31 (s, 3H), 0.06 (s, 3H), 0.03 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 179.2, 141.52, 141.50, 138.3, 133.6, 129.1, 128.74, 128.72, 128.6, 127.8, 125.8, 79.1, 44.1, 43.0, 35.6, 30.7, 28.0, 25.6, 22.7, 13.9, -2.0, -2.9, -3.95, -4.04; IR (thin film) 2955, 1760, 1252 cm⁻¹; [α]²³_D -15.0 (c 1.07, CHCl₃); HRMS (FAB) m / c calcd for C₃₂H₄₃O₂Si₂ (M + H)⁺ 515.2801, found 515.2803. Anal. Calcd for C₃₂H₄₂O₂Si₂: C, 74.65; H, 8.22. Found: C, 74.76; H, 8.28.

(-)-(3R,4R,5S)-3-Butyl-5-dimethylphenylsilylmethyl-4-hydroxy-2-furanone (27). A round-bottom flask was charged with CsF (0.880 g, 5.90 mmol). The flask was then heated under vacuum with a heat gun for 5 min. After cooling to room temperature, the flask was backfilled with nitrogen and the dry methanol (5 mL) and THF (5 mL) were sequentially added to the flask. A solution of 15 (0.606 g, 1.18 mmol) in 5 mL of THF was then added. After 6 h at 22 °C, the reaction mixture was partitioned between 10 mL of water and 20 mL of CH₂Cl₂, the layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 3×20 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with 10 mL of brine, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was then dissolved in 5 mL of THF, and then MeOH (2 mL), KHCO₃ (0.118 g, 1.18 mmol), KF (0.137 g, 2.36 mmol), and H₂O₂ (30 %, 2.70 mL, 23.6 mmol) were sequentially added. The reaction mixture was vigorously stirred at 22 °C for 12 h, and then partitioned between 5 mL of water and 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with 3×20 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with 10 mL of brine, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (5:95 to 10:90 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 27 as a colorless oil (0.293 g, 81%): ¹H NMR $(CDCl_3, 500 \text{ MHz}) \delta 7.55 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 7.39 \text{ (m, 3H)}, 4.16 \text{ (dd, } J = 14.5, 7.1 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 3.67 \text{ (dd, } J = 8.5, 7.1 \text{ Hz, 1H)},$ 2.44 (ddd, J = 8.6, 7.5, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (br, 1H), 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.45-1.25 (m, 6H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.42 (s, 3H), 0.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 176.4, 137.9, ¹³33.5, 129.5, 128.1, 82.5, 79.5, 48.4, 28.7, 28.0, 22.6, 21.3, 13.8, -1.8, -3.1; IR (thin film) 3453, 1748 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{23}_{D}$ –17.1 (c 0.94, CHCl₃); HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / z calcd for $C_{17}H_{25}O_2Si$ (M - OH)⁺ 289.1624, found 289.1626. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₆O₃Si: C, 66.62; H, 8.55. Found: C, 66.42; H, 8.52.

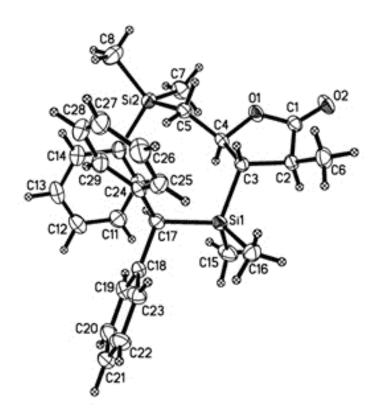
(-)-(3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-3-Butyl-5-dimethylphenylsilylmethyl-4-(3-methylbutyryloxy)-2-furanone (16). To a solution of 27 (0.260 g, 0.850 mmol) in 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂ were added triethylamine (0.296 mL, 2.10 mmol), 4-(*N*,*N*-dimethylamino)pyridine (0.021 g, 0.085 mmol), and isovaleroyl chloride (0.256 mL, 2.10 mmol). After stirring at 22 °C for 12 h, 5 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and 10 mL of CH₂Cl₂ were added. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was washed with 3×10 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with 10 mL of brine, dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow oil. Purification by flash chromatography (3:97 to 5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 16 as a colorless oil (0.296 g, 89%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 3H), 4.91 (dd, J = 5.1, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (ddd, J = 9.6, 5.2, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (dt, J = 8.2, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.43-1.28 (m, 4H and dd, J = 14.9, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (dd, J = 14.9, 9.7 Hz, 1H), 0.93 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.40 (s, 3H), 0.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 176.0, 172.2, 137.4, 133.5, 129.3, 127.9, 81.6, 79.3, 46.6, 43.0, 29.1, 28.9, 25.6, 22.3, 22.23, 22.17, 13.7, -2.1, -2.9; IR (thin film) 2959, 1778, 1742 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{23}_D$ -13.3 (*c* 1.18, CHCl₃); HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / z calcd for C₂₁H₃₁O₄Si (M - Me)⁺ 375.1991, found 375.1991. Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₃₄O₄Si: C, 67.65; H, 8.77. Found: C, 67.91; H, 8.71.

(+)-(3R,4R,5S)-3-Butyl-5-hydroxymethyl-4-(3-methylbutyryloxy)-2-furanone (28). Potassium bromide (0.183 g, 1.54 mmol) and anhydrous NaOAc (0.238 g, 2.90 mmol) were added to a stirred solution of 16 (0.376 g, 0.960 mmol) in 4.0 mL of AcOH (glacial). The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and AcOOH (32%, 1.21 mL, 5.76 mmol) was added dropwise, during which time Br₂ was generated and the reaction mixture became orange. After the addition, more anhydrous NaOAc (0.709 g, 8.64 mmol) and AcOOH (32%, 3.64 mL, 17.3 mmol) were added. After 18 h at 22 °C, the reaction mixture was diluted with 100 mL of Et₂O, and 10 g of Na₂S₂O₃ was added. The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously for 30 min, filtered through Celite, washed with Et₂O, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in 50 mL of EtOAc, washed with 5 mL of saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and 5 mL of brine, dried (Na₂SO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography (10:90 to 20:80 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded 28 as a colorless oil (0.192 g, 73%): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.20 (dd, J = 5.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (dt, J = 4.6, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (ddd, J = 12.4, 6.0, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (ddd, J = 12.4, 7.0, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (dt, J = 9.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), $2.20 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 2.11 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 1.87 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 1.69 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 1.46-1.32 \text{ (m, 4H)}, 0.97 \text{ (d, } J = 7.7 \text{ Hz, 6H)}, 0.91 \text{ (t, } J = 7.7 \text{$ 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 175.9, 172.8, 83.1, 74.4, 61.9, 46.0, 43.0, 28.9, 28.3, 25.7, 22.2, 13.7; IR (thin film) 3478, 2959, 1770, 1738, 1183 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{23}_{D}$ +10.7 (c 1.16, CHCl₃); HRMS (CI/NH₃) m / z calcd for $C_{14}H_{25}O_5$ (M + H)⁺ 273.1702, found 273.1703. Anal. Calcd for $C_{14}H_{24}O_5$: C, 61.74; H, 8.88. Found: C, 61.45; H, 8.91.

(+)-(3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-3-Butyl-5-methyl-4-(3-methylbutyryloxy)-2-furanone [(+)-blastmycinone] (1). To a solution of **28** (0.108 g, 0.400 mmol) in 4 mL of dry CH₃CN was added PPh₃ (0.210 g, 0.800 mmol) and CBr₄ (0.265 g, 0.800 mmol). After stirring at 22 °C for 12 h, the reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in 10 mL of Et₂O. The suspension was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated. The unpurified bromide was dissolved in 4 mL of degassed toluene, and AIBN (0.006 g, 0.04 mmol) and tributyltin hydride (0.108 mL, 0.400 mmol) were added. The mixture was heated at reflux for 7 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. Purification by flash chromatography (5:95 EtOAc/hexanes) afforded **1** as a colorless oil (0.081 g, 79%). Spectral data were identical to that reported in the literature⁷: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 4.94 (dd, J = 5.7, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (qd, J = 6.6, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (dt, J = 8.4, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.47 (d, 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.45-1.25 (m, 4H), 0.97 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 175.4, 172.0, 79.2, 78.3, 46.4, 43.2, 29.1, 29.0, 25.8, 22.5, 22.4, 19.4, 13.9; IR (thin film) 2960, 1784, 1742 cm⁻¹; $[\alpha]^{23}_{D}$ +10.4 (*c* 1.39, CHCl₃) {lit.⁷ [α]²⁰_D +11.3 (*c* 1.18, CHCl₃)}; HRMS (CI/isobutane) m / z calcd for C₁₄H₂₅O₄ (M + H)⁺ 257.1753, found 257.1746.

IV. X-ray Analysis of Compound 5a

⁷ Sibi, M. P.; Lu, J.; Talbacka, C. L. J. Org. Chem. **1996**, 61, 7848-7855.



X-ray Data Collection, Structure Solution and Refinement for 5a. A colorless crystal of approximate dimensions 0.19 x 0.30 x 0.32 mm was mounted on a glass fiber and transferred to a Bruker CCD platform diffractometer. The SMART¹ program package was used to determine the unit-cell parameters and for data collection (20 sec/frame scan time for a sphere of diffraction data). The raw frame data was processed using SAINT² and SADABS³ to yield the reflection data file. Subsequent calculations were carried out using the SHELXTL⁴ program. There were no systematic absences nor any diffraction symmetry other than the Friedel condition. The centrosymmetric triclinic space group P1 was assigned and later determined to be correct.

The structure was solved by direct methods and refined on F^2 by full-matrix least-squares techniques. The analytical scattering factors⁵ for neutral atoms were used throughout the analysis. Hydrogen atoms were located from a difference-Fourier map and refined (x,y,z and U_{iso}). At convergence, wR2 = 0.0974 and GOF = 1.031 for 442 variables refined against 6293 unique data. As a comparison for refinement on F, R1 = 0.0359 for those 5306 data with $I > 2.0\sigma(I)$.

References.

- 1. SMART Software Users Guide, Version 5.0, Bruker Analytical X-Ray Systems, Inc.; Madison, WI 1999.
- 2. SAINT Software Users Guide, Version 6.0, Bruker Analytical X-Ray Systems, Inc.; Madison, WI 1999.
- 3. Sheldrick, G. M. SADABS, Bruker Analytical X-Ray Systems, Inc.; Madison, WI 1997.
- 4. Sheldrick, G. M. SHELXTL Version 5.10, Bruker Analytical X-Ray Systems, Inc.; Madison, WI 1997.
- 5. International Tables for X-Ray Crystallography 1992, Vol. C., Dordrecht: Kluwer AcademicPublishers.

Definitions:

$$wR2 = [\Sigma[w(F_o^2-F_o^2)^2] / \Sigma[w(F_o^2)^2]^{1/2}$$

 $R1 = \Sigma ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \Sigma |F_o|$

 $Goof = S = \left[\Sigma [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / (n-p) \right]^{1/2} \ \, \text{where n is the number of reflections and p is the total}$ number of parameters refined.

The thermal ellipsoid plot is shown at the 50% probability level.

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refi	nement for 5a.	
Empirical formula	$C_{29} H_{36} O_2 Si_2$	
Formula weight	472.76	
Temperature	158(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Triclinic	
Space group	$P\bar{1}$	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 10.2736(10) Å	$\alpha = 92.620(2)^{\circ}$.
	b = 11.0058(11) Å	β = 108.969(2)°.
	c = 12.7257(13) Å	$\gamma = 98.752(2)^{\circ}$.
Volume	$1337.9(2) \text{ Å}^3$	•
Z	2	
Density (calculated)	1.174 Mg/m^3	
Absorption coefficient	0.156 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	508	
Crystal size	$0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}^3$	
Theta range for data collection	1.70 to 28.27°.	

 $-13 \le h \le 13$, $-14 \le k \le 14$, $-16 \le l \le 16$ Index ranges

Reflections collected 14372

6293 [R(int) = 0.0234] Independent reflections

Completeness to theta = 28.27° 94.9 % Absorption correction None

Max. and min. transmission 0.9710 and 0.9519

Refinement method Full-matrix least-squares on F²

Data / restraints / parameters 6293 / 0 / 442

Goodness-of-fit on F² 1.031

Final R indices [I > 2 sigma(I)]R1 = 0.0359, wR2 = 0.0915R indices (all data) R1 = 0.0446, wR2 = 0.09740.332 and -0.229 e.Å-3 Largest diff. peak and hole

Table 2. Atomic coordinates (x 10⁴) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2x 10³) for 5a. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U^{ij} tensor.

_					
	X	у	Z	U(eq)	
Si(1)	2521(1)	6422(1)	1906(1)	22(1)	
Si(2)	7358(1)	8712(1)	4349(1)	25(1)	
O(1)	5012(1)	6601(1)	5150(1)	26(1)	
O(2)	3826(1)	5489(1)	6071(1)	33(1)	
C(1)	3847(1)	5915(1)	5218(1)	24(1)	
C(2)	2654(1)	5778(1)	4113(1)	23(1)	
C(3)	3150(1)	6813(1)	3480(1)	20(1)	
C(4)	4748(1)	7056(1)	4036(1)	21(1)	
C(5)	5455(1)	8403(1)	4217(1)	24(1)	
C(6)	1263(2)	5817(2)	4290(1)	35(1)	
C(7)	8324(2)	7673(2)	5311(1)	35(1)	
C(8)	8040(2)	10377(2)	4866(2)	42(1)	
C(9)	7487(1)	8360(1)	2931(1)	26(1)	
C(10)	7349(2)	7133(1)	2501(1)	29(1)	
C(11)	7362(2)	6842(2)	1427(1)	33(1)	
C(12)	7518(2)	7778(2)	761(1)	38(1)	
C(13)	7666(2)	8992(2)	1165(1)	40(1)	
C(14)	7652(2)	9284(2)	2237(1)	34(1)	
C(15)	3259(2)	5058(2)	1578(1)	36(1)	
C(16)	573(2)	6018(2)	1388(1)	34(1)	
C(17)	3199(1)	7763(1)	1210(1)	23(1)	
C(18)	2703(1)	7427(1)	-52(1)	24(1)	
C(19)	3552(2)	6905(1)	-540(1)	31(1)	
C(20)	3117(2)	6566(1)	-1684(1)	37(1)	
C(21)	1828(2)	6755(1)	-2364(1)	38(1)	
C(22)	970(2)	7277(1)	-1895(1)	37(1)	
C(23)	1402(2)	7610(1)	-750(1)	29(1)	
C(24)	2966(1)	9034(1)	1541(1)	24(1)	
C(25)	1719(2)	9246(1)	1661(1)	31(1)	
C(26)	1553(2)	10427(2)	1970(2)	42(1)	
C(27)	2642(2)	11412(2)	2181(2)	46(1)	
C(28)	3881(2)	11222(2)	2064(1)	44(1)	
C(29)	4041(2)	10049(1)	1737(1)	34(1)	

Table 3. Bond lengths $[\mathring{A}]$ and angles $[^{\circ}]$ for 5a.

Si(1)-C(16)	1.8661(16)
Si(1)-C(15)	1.8702(16)

Si(1)-C(3)	1.8994(12)
Si(1)-C(17)	1.9122(13)
Si(2)-C(7)	1.8648(16)
Si(2)-C(8)	1.8656(17)
Si(2)-C(9)	1.8794(14)
Si(2)-C(5)	1.8826(14)
O(1)- $C(1)$	1.3451(16)
O(1)-C(4)	1.4792(14)
O(2)- $C(1)$	1.2067(15)
C(1)- $C(2)$	1.5190(18)
C(2)- $C(6)$	1.5234(19)
$C(2) \cdot C(3)$	1.5435(17)
C(2)-H(2)	0.974(15)
C(3)- $C(4)$	1.5368(17)
C(3)-H(3)	0.966(15)
C(4)- $C(5)$	1.5200(18)
C(4)-H(4)	0.993(14)
C(5)-H(5A)	0.974(16)
$C(5) \cdot H(5B)$	0.930(17)
C(6)-H(6A)	1.001(19)
C(6)-H(6B)	0.975(19)
C(6)-H(6C)	0.96(2)
C(7)-H(7A)	0.95(2)
C(7)-H(7B)	0.97(2)
C(7)-H(7C)	0.89(2)
C(8)-H(8A)	1.00(2)
C(8)-H(8B)	0.94(2)
C(8)-H(8C)	0.95(2)
C(9)-C(10)	1.402(2)
C(9)-C(14)	1.4032(19)
C(10)- $C(11)$	1.394(2)
C(10)-H(10)	0.961(16)
C(11)- $C(12)$	1.387(2)
C(11)-H(11)	0.963(18)
C(12)- $C(13)$	1.378(2)
C(12)-H(12)	0.991(19)
C(13)-C(14)	1.392(2)
C(13)-H(13)	0.946(19)
C(14)-H(14)	0.955(18)
C(15)-H(15A)	0.96(2)
C(15)-H(15B)	0.91(3)
C(15)-H(15C)	0.97(3)
C(16)-H(16A)	0.96(2)
C(16)-H(16B)	0.93(2)
C(16)-H(16C)	0.97(2)

C(17)-C(24)	1.5188(18)
C(17)-C(18)	1.5259(17)
C(17)-H(17)	0.987(16)
C(18)-C(23)	1.3946(19)
C(18)- $C(19)$	1.3956(19)
C(19)-C(20)	1.391(2)
C(19)-H(19)	0.968(19)
C(20)-C(21)	1.379(2)
C(20)-H(20)	0.963(19)
C(21)-C(22)	1.388(2)
C(21)-H(21)	0.980(18)
C(22)-C(23)	1.3912(19)
C(22)-H(22)	0.972(18)
C(23)-H(23)	0.939(17)
C(24)-C(25)	1.391(2)
C(24)-C(29)	1.3960(19)
C(25)-C(26)	1.392(2)
C(25)-H(25)	0.920(17)
C(26)-C(27)	1.381(3)
C(26)-H(26)	0.95(2)
C(27)-C(28)	1.374(3)
C(27)-H(27)	0.94(2)
C(28)-C(29)	1.389(2)
C(28)-H(28)	0.98(2)
C(29)-H(29)	0.968(17)
C(16)-Si(1)- $C(15)$	109.13(8)
C(16)-Si(1)-C(3)	108.67(6)
C(15)-Si(1)-C(3)	109.00(6)
C(16)-Si(1)- $C(17)$	112.58(6)
C(15)-Si(1)- $C(17)$	107.01(7)
C(3)-Si(1)-C(17)	110.38(6)
C(7)-Si(2)-C(8)	112.10(9)
C(7)-Si(2)-C(9)	108.21(7)
C(8)-Si(2)-C(9)	110.98(8)
C(7)-Si(2)-C(5)	110.03(7)
C(8)-Si(2)-C(5)	107.26(7)
C(9)-Si(2)-C(5)	108.20(6)
C(1)-O(1)-C(4)	110.96(10)
O(2)-C(1)-O(1)	121.57(13)
O(2)-C(1)-C(2)	127.52(13)
O(1)-C(1)-C(2)	110.91(10)
C(1)-C(2)-C(6)	111.41(11)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	103.33(10)
C(6)-C(2)-C(3)	116.17(11)
C(1)-C(2)-H(2)	102.9(9)

C(6)-C(2)-H(2)	110.8(9)
C(3)-C(2)-H(2)	111.1(9)
C(4)-C(3)-C(2)	103.42(10)
C(4)-C(3)-Si(1)	114.37(8)
C(2)-C(3)-Si(1)	113.94(9)
C(4)-C(3)-H(3)	108.2(9)
C(2)-C(3)-H(3)	107.3(9)
Si(1)-C(3)-H(3)	109.2(9)
O(1)- $C(4)$ - $C(5)$	107.35(10)
O(1)- $C(4)$ - $C(3)$	105.55(9)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	115.63(10)
O(1)- $C(4)$ - $H(4)$	104.4(8)
C(5)-C(4)-H(4)	111.7(8)
C(3)-C(4)-H(4)	111.7(8)
C(4)-C(5)-Si(2)	116.65(9)
C(4)- $C(5)$ - $H(5A)$	108.0(9)
Si(2)-C(5)-H(5A)	109.4(9)
C(4)-C(5)-H(5B)	108.9(10)
Si(2)-C(5)-H(5B)	106.4(10)
H(5A)-C(5)-H(5B)	107.0(14)
C(2)-C(6)-H(6A)	109.1(11)
C(2)-C(6)-H(6B)	111.0(11)
H(6A)-C(6)-H(6B)	108.7(15)
C(2)-C(6)-H(6C)	110.4(12)
H(6A)-C(6)-H(6C)	110.0(16)
H(6H)-C(6)-H(6C)	107.6(16)
Si(2)-C(7)-H(7A)	111.8(13)
Si(2)-C(7)-H(7B)	110.9(13)
H(7A)-C(7)-H(7B)	103.4(18)
Si(2)-C(7)-H(7C)	112.7(15)
H(7A)-C(7)-H(7C)	105.8(19)
H(7B)-C(7)-H(7C)	111.8(19)
Si(2)-C(8)-H(8A)	112.1(13)
Si(2)-C(8)-H(8B)	107.5(14)
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8B)	110.1(19)
Si(2)-C(8)-H(8C)	113.0(14)
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8C)	106.7(18)
H(8B)-C(8)-H(8C)	107.4(19)
C(10)-C(9)-C(14)	117.13(13)
C(10)- $C(9)$ - $Si(2)$	120.30(10)
C(14)- $C(9)$ - $Si(2)$	122.50(11)
C(11)- $C(3)$ - $S(2)$	121.47(13)
C(11)- $C(10)$ - $C(5)$	117.9(9)
C(9)-C(10)-H(10)	120.6(9)
C(12)- $C(11)$ - $C(10)$	119.89(15)
C(12) $C(11)$ $C(10)$	117.07(13)

C(12)-C(11)-H(11)	121.4(10)
C(10)-C(11)-H(11)	118.7(10)
C(13)- $C(12)$ - $C(11)$	119.87(14)
C(13)- $C(12)$ - $H(12)$	121.2(11)
$C(13) \cdot C(12) \cdot H(12)$ $C(11) \cdot C(12) \cdot H(12)$	118.9(11)
C(12)- $C(12)$ - $I1(12)C(12)$ - $C(13)$ - $C(14)$	120.28(14)
C(12)- $C(13)$ - $C(14)C(12)$ - $C(13)$ - $H(13)$	117.7(11)
C(12)- $C(13)$ - $H(13)C(14)$ - $C(13)$ - $H(13)$	122.0(11)
	121.35(15)
C(13)-C(14)-C(9)	119.3(10)
C(13)-C(14)-H(14)	` ′
C(9)-C(14)-H(14)	119.3(10)
Si(1)-C(15)-H(15A)	110.4(13)
Si(1)-C(15)-H(15B)	112.5(15)
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15B)	107.3(19)
Si(1)-C(15)-H(15C)	111.2(14)
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15C)	105.4(18)
H(15B)-C(15)-H(15C)	110(2)
Si(1)-C(16)-H(16A)	112.8(12)
Si(1)-C(16)-H(16B)	109.9(13)
H(16A)-C(16)-H(16B)	109.2(17)
Si(1)-C(16)-H(16C)	110.8(12)
H(16A)-C(16)-H(16C)	106.4(16)
H(16B)-C(16)-H(16C)	107.4(17)
C(24)-C(17)-C(18)	113.42(10)
C(24)-C(17)-Si(1)	116.47(9)
C(18)-C(17)-Si(1)	109.77(9)
C(24)-C(17)-H(17)	107.6(9)
C(18)-C(17)-H(17)	105.6(9)
Si(1)-C(17)-H(17)	102.8(9)
C(23)-C(18)-C(19)	117.80(12)
C(23)-C(18)-C(17)	122.05(12)
C(19)-C(18)-C(17)	120.15(12)
C(20)-C(19)-C(18)	121.47(14)
C(20)-C(19)-H(19)	120.2(11)
C(18)-C(19)-H(19)	118.3(11)
C(21)-C(20)-C(19)	120.02(15)
C(21)- $C(20)$ - $H(20)$	121.9(11)
C(19)-C(20)-H(20)	118.0(11)
C(20)- $C(21)$ - $C(22)$	119.42(13)
C(20)- $C(21)$ - $H(21)$	122.1(11)
C(22)- $C(21)$ - $H(21)$	118.5(11)
C(21)- $C(22)$ - $C(23)$	120.57(15)
C(21)- $C(22)$ - $H(22)$	120.1(10)
C(23)- $C(22)$ - $H(22)$	119.3(11)
C(22)- $C(23)$ - $C(18)$	120.71(14)

C(22)-C(23)-H(23)	119.4(10)
C(18)-C(23)-H(23)	119.9(10)
C(25)-C(24)-C(29)	117.59(13)
C(25)-C(24)-C(17)	123.05(12)
C(29)-C(24)-C(17)	119.36(13)
C(24)-C(25)-C(26)	121.09(15)
C(24)-C(25)-H(25)	121.0(10)
C(26)-C(25)-H(25)	117.9(11)
C(27)-C(26)-C(25)	120.24(16)
C(27)-C(26)-H(26)	119.9(13)
C(25)-C(26)-H(26)	119.9(13)
C(28)-C(27)-C(26)	119.56(15)
C(28)-C(27)-H(27)	121.5(12)
C(26)-C(27)-H(27)	119.0(12)
C(27)-C(28)-C(29)	120.33(16)
C(27)-C(28)-H(28)	121.5(12)
C(29)-C(28)-H(28)	118.2(12)
C(28)-C(29)-C(24)	121.16(16)
C(28)-C(29)-H(29)	118.9(10)
C(24)-C(29)-H(29)	120.0(10)

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters $(\mathring{A}^2x\ 10^3)$ for 5a. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2[\ h^2\ a^{*2}U^{11}+...\ +2\ h\ k\ a^*\ b^*\ U^{12}\]$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U ³³	U ²³	U ¹³	U ¹²	
Si(1)	26(1)	21(1)	18(1)	3(1)	6(1)	5(1)	
Si(2)	24(1)	24(1)	26(1)	2(1)	8(1)	2(1)	
O(1)	28(1)	30(1)	19(1)	8(1)	7(1)	6(1)	
O(2)	47(1)	35(1)	24(1)	12(1)	19(1)	13(1)	
C(1)	32(1)	23(1)	23(1)	4(1)	14(1)	9(1)	
C(2)	29(1)	22(1)	22(1)	4(1)	12(1)	4(1)	
C(3)	23(1)	19(1)	20(1)	3(1)	9(1)	5(1)	
C(4)	24(1)	24(1)	17(1)	6(1)	8(1)	7(1)	
C(5)	26(1)	23(1)	22(1)	3(1)	8(1)	5(1)	
C(6)	29(1)	44(1)	35(1)	8(1)	16(1)	2(1)	
C(7)	30(1)	44(1)	30(1)	7(1)	7(1)	9(1)	
C(8)	38(1)	31(1)	55(1)	-7(1)	16(1)	-4(1)	
C(9)	23(1)	30(1)	29(1)	8(1)	11(1)	5(1)	
C(10)	30(1)	30(1)	31(1)	9(1)	14(1)	7(1)	
C(11)	34(1)	36(1)	33(1)	4(1)	14(1)	10(1)	
C(12)	37(1)	52(1)	29(1)	10(1)	16(1)	10(1)	
C(13)	43(1)	45(1)	38(1)	21(1)	20(1)	9(1)	
C(14)	35(1)	30(1)	41(1)	11(1)	16(1)	5(1)	

C(15)	59(1)	28(1)	26(1)	3(1)	16(1)	16(1)
C(16)	30(1)	36(1)	30(1)	6(1)	4(1)	-4(1)
C(17)	22(1)	26(1)	19(1)	4(1)	5(1)	6(1)
C(18)	29(1)	22(1)	20(1)	5(1)	8(1)	3(1)
C(19)	33(1)	35(1)	29(1)	6(1)	15(1)	6(1)
C(20)	51(1)	34(1)	33(1)	3(1)	25(1)	4(1)
C(21)	60(1)	30(1)	21(1)	2(1)	15(1)	-1(1)
C(22)	46(1)	35(1)	22(1)	5(1)	0(1)	7(1)
C(23)	34(1)	29(1)	24(1)	4(1)	7(1)	11(1)
C(24)	31(1)	24(1)	17(1)	7(1)	6(1)	5(1)
C(25)	36(1)	25(1)	34(1)	3(1)	15(1)	5(1)
C(26)	58(1)	32(1)	49(1)	7(1)	31(1)	15(1)
C(27)	78(1)	23(1)	47(1)	5(1)	33(1)	9(1)
C(28)	59(1)	27(1)	42(1)	7(1)	17(1)	-5(1)
C(29)	36(1)	30(1)	31(1)	9(1)	10(1)	0(1)

Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates (x 10⁴) and isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2x 10³) for 5a.

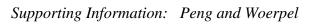
	X	У	Z	U(eq)	
H(2)	2662(15)	4966(14)	3779(12)	25(4)	
H(3)	2805(16)	7540(14)	3651(12)	25(4)	
H(4)	5190(15)	6529(13)	3649(11)	20(3)	
H(5A)	5341(16)	8783(15)	4880(13)	31(4)	
H(5B)	4992(17)	8807(15)	3617(14)	34(4)	
H(6A)	1284(19)	6661(18)	4630(15)	46(5)	
H(6B)	1094(19)	5213(17)	4789(16)	45(5)	
H(6C)	510(20)	5625(19)	3590(18)	59(6)	
H(7A)	7970(20)	6820(20)	5045(18)	64(6)	
H(7B)	8180(20)	7750(20)	6023(19)	66(6)	
H(7C)	9230(30)	7790(20)	5389(19)	70(7)	
H(8A)	7480(20)	10930(20)	4379(18)	65(6)	
H(8B)	8010(20)	10490(20)	5600(20)	71(7)	
H(8C)	8980(30)	10630(20)	4905(18)	68(6)	
H(10)	7256(16)	6465(15)	2947(13)	27(4)	
H(11)	7281(18)	5988(17)	1171(14)	40(5)	
H(12)	7502(19)	7554(17)	-7(16)	46(5)	
H(13)	7790(19)	9608(17)	694(15)	47(5)	
H(14)	7719(18)	10127(17)	2494(14)	37(4)	
H(15A)	2850(20)	4770(20)	800(20)	70(7)	
H(15B)	3090(20)	4410(20)	1960(20)	75(7)	
H(15C)	4250(30)	5280(20)	1718(19)	77(7)	
H(16A)	150(20)	6565(19)	1726(16)	51(5)	
H(16B)	230(20)	6025(18)	618(18)	57(6)	

H(16C)	270(20)	5191(19)	1555(16)	54(5)
H(17)	4217(17)	7774(14)	1472(13)	28(4)
H(19)	4470(20)	6794(17)	-63(15)	45(5)
H(20)	3740(20)	6205(17)	-1976(15)	46(5)
H(21)	1496(19)	6537(17)	-3174(15)	46(5)
H(22)	55(19)	7406(16)	-2366(15)	42(5)
H(23)	801(17)	7948(15)	-446(13)	31(4)
H(25)	978(18)	8609(16)	1541(14)	35(4)
H(26)	700(20)	10552(19)	2053(17)	59(6)
H(27)	2520(20)	12198(19)	2399(16)	52(5)
H(28)	4670(20)	11905(19)	2193(17)	59(6)
H(29)	4919(18)	9939(15)	1650(14)	37(4)

Table 6. Torsion angles $[^{\circ}]$ for 5a.

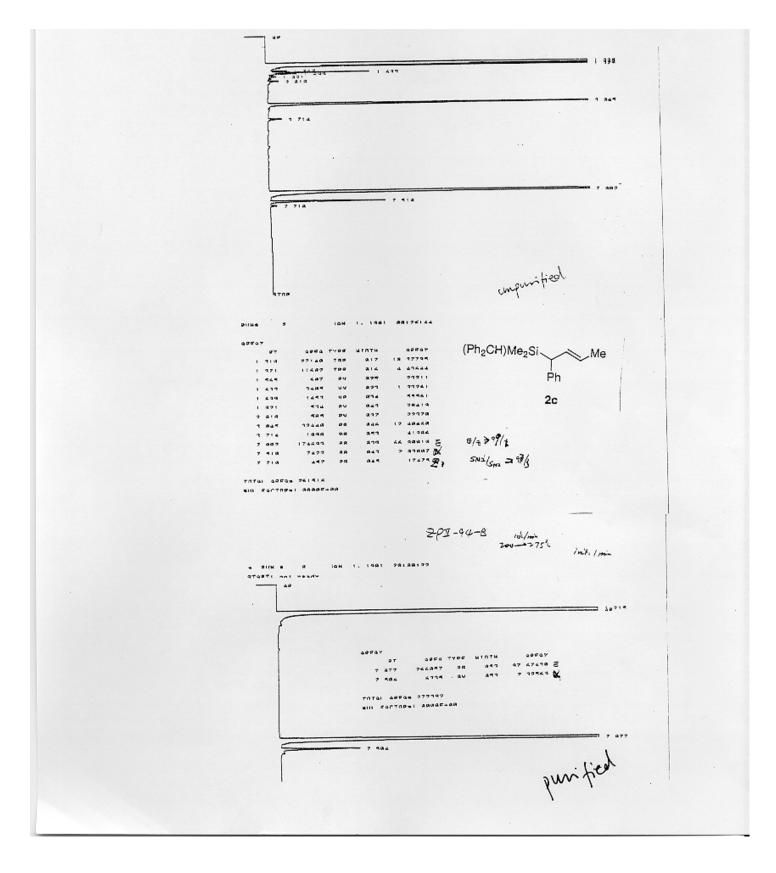
C(4)-O(1)-C(1)-O(2)	-177.51(12)
C(4)-O(1)-C(1)-C(2)	2.70(14)
O(2)-C(1)-C(2)-C(6)	37.95(19)
O(1)-C(1)-C(2)-C(6)	-142.27(12)
O(2)-C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	163.38(13)
O(1)-C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	-16.84(13)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	23.15(12)
C(6)-C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	145.46(12)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)-Si(1)	147.90(8)
C(6)-C(2)-C(3)-Si(1)	-89.79(13)
C(16)-Si(1)-C(3)-C(4)	174.93(9)
C(15)-Si(1)-C(3)-C(4)	56.10(11)
C(17)-Si(1)-C(3)-C(4)	-61.16(10)
C(16)-Si(1)-C(3)-C(2)	56.26(11)
C(15)-Si(1)-C(3)-C(2)	-62.58(11)
C(17)-Si(1)-C(3)-C(2)	-179.83(9)
C(1)-O(1)-C(4)-C(5)	136.69(11)
C(1)-O(1)-C(4)-C(3)	12.81(13)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)-O(1)	-22.23(12)
Si(1)-C(3)-C(4)-O(1)	-146.71(8)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)-C(5)	-140.72(10)
Si(1)-C(3)-C(4)-C(5)	94.81(11)
O(1)-C(4)-C(5)-Si(2)	85.86(11)
C(3)-C(4)-C(5)-Si(2)	-156.65(9)
C(7)-Si(2)-C(5)-C(4)	-45.76(12)
C(8)-Si(2)-C(5)-C(4)	-167.94(10)
C(9)-Si(2)-C(5)-C(4)	72.28(10)
C(7)-Si(2)-C(9)-C(10)	41.51(13)
C(8)-Si(2)-C(9)-C(10)	164.90(12)

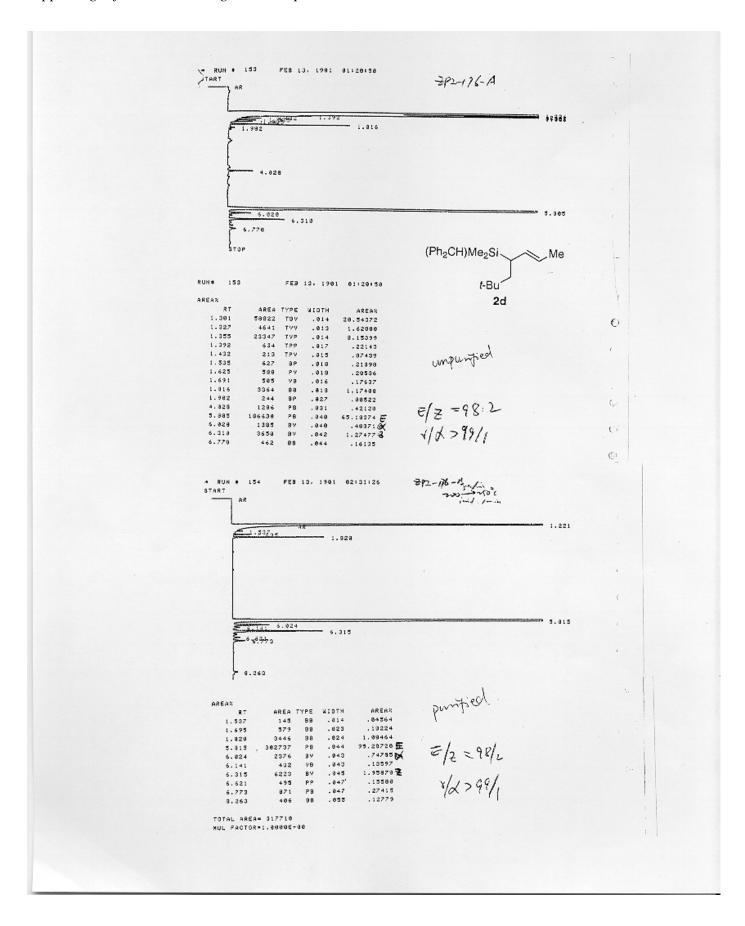
G(5) G'(0) G(0) G(10)	77 (0(10)
C(5)-Si(2)-C(9)-C(10)	-77.68(12)
C(7)-Si(2)-C(9)-C(14)	-141.76(12)
C(8)-Si(2)-C(9)-C(14)	-18.38(15)
C(5)-Si(2)-C(9)-C(14)	99.04(12)
C(14)-C(9)-C(10)-C(11)	-0.5(2)
Si(2)-C(9)-C(10)-C(11)	176.35(11)
C(9)-C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	0.2(2)
C(10)- $C(11)$ - $C(12)$ - $C(13)$	0.3(2)
C(11)- $C(12)$ - $C(13)$ - $C(14)$	-0.3(2)
C(12)-C(13)-C(14)-C(9)	-0.1(2)
C(10)-C(9)-C(14)-C(13)	0.5(2)
Si(2)-C(9)-C(14)-C(13)	-176.32(12)
C(16)-Si(1)-C(17)-C(24)	71.40(11)
C(15)-Si(1)-C(17)-C(24)	-168.71(10)
C(3)-Si(1)-C(17)-C(24)	-50.23(11)
C(16)-Si(1)-C(17)-C(18)	-59.21(11)
C(15)-Si(1)-C(17)-C(18)	60.68(11)
C(3)-Si(1)-C(17)-C(18)	179.16(8)
C(24)-C(17)-C(18)-C(23)	-46.54(17)
Si(1)-C(17)-C(18)-C(23)	85.68(14)
C(24)-C(17)-C(18)-C(19)	134.29(13)
Si(1)-C(17)-C(18)-C(19)	-93.49(13)
C(23)-C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	-0.6(2)
C(17)-C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	178.61(13)
C(18)-C(19)-C(20)-C(21)	0.7(2)
C(19)-C(20)-C(21)-C(22)	-0.5(2)
C(20)-C(21)-C(22)-C(23)	0.1(2)
C(21)-C(22)-C(23)-C(18)	0.0(2)
C(19)-C(18)-C(23)-C(22)	0.2(2)
C(17)-C(18)-C(23)-C(22)	-178.95(13)
C(18)-C(17)-C(24)-C(25)	86.40(15)
Si(1)-C(17)-C(24)-C(25)	-42.47(16)
C(18)-C(17)-C(24)-C(29)	-93.61(14)
Si(1)-C(17)-C(24)-C(29)	137.52(11)
C(29)-C(24)-C(25)-C(26)	-0.2(2)
C(17)-C(24)-C(25)-C(26)	179.79(13)
C(24)-C(25)-C(26)-C(27)	-1.1(2)
C(25)-C(26)-C(27)-C(28)	1.3(3)
C(26)-C(27)-C(28)-C(29)	-0.1(3)
C(27)-C(28)-C(29)-C(24)	-1.3(2)
C(25)-C(24)-C(29)-C(28)	1.4(2)
C(17)-C(24)-C(29)-C(28)	-178.59(13)

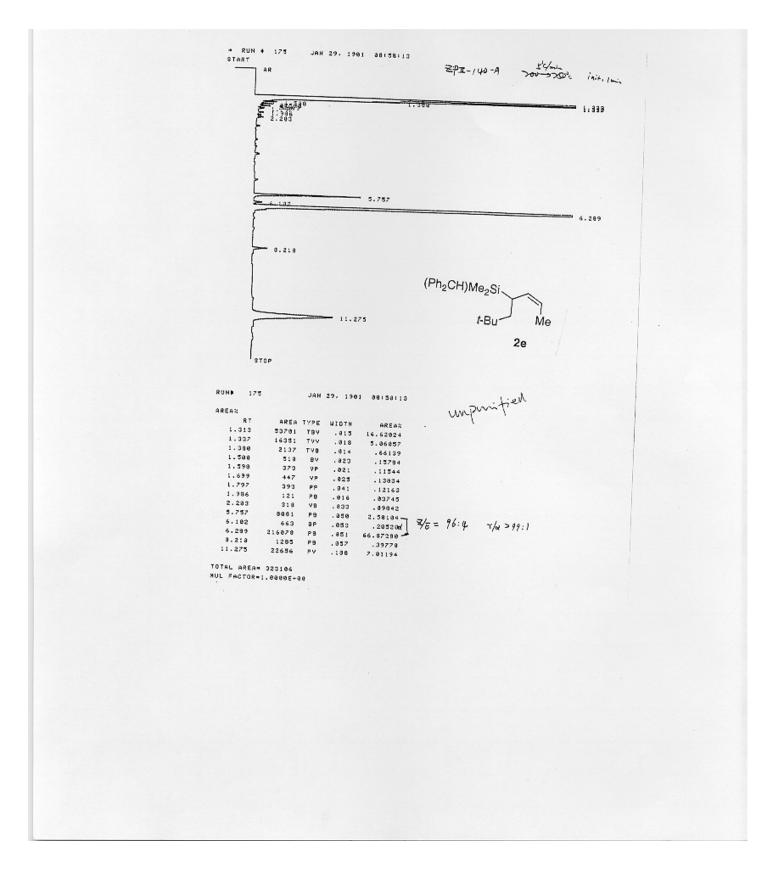


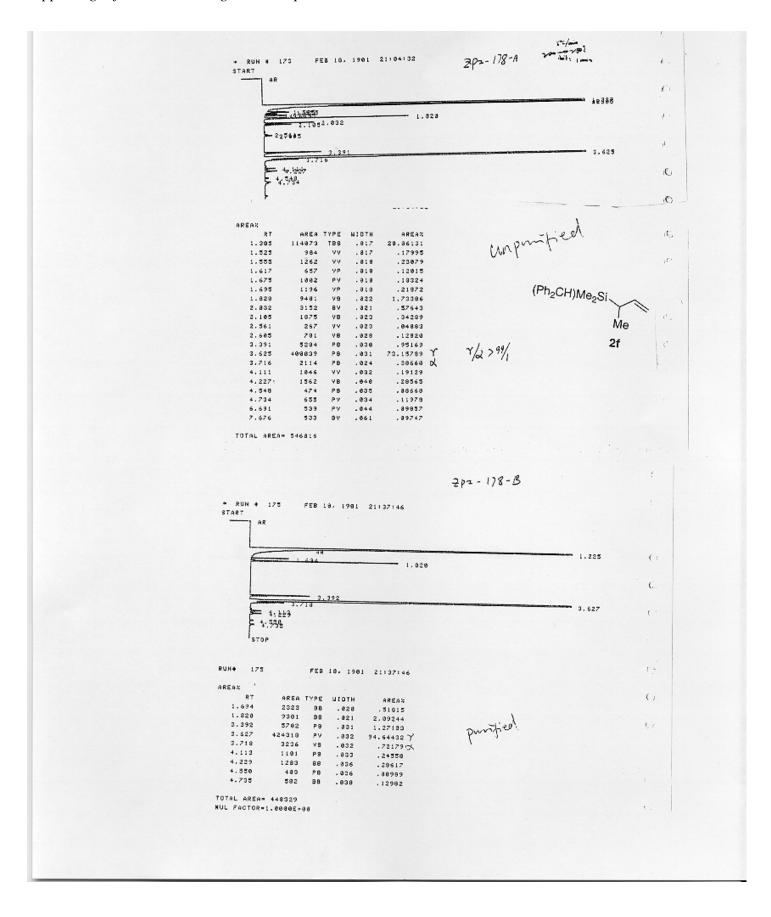
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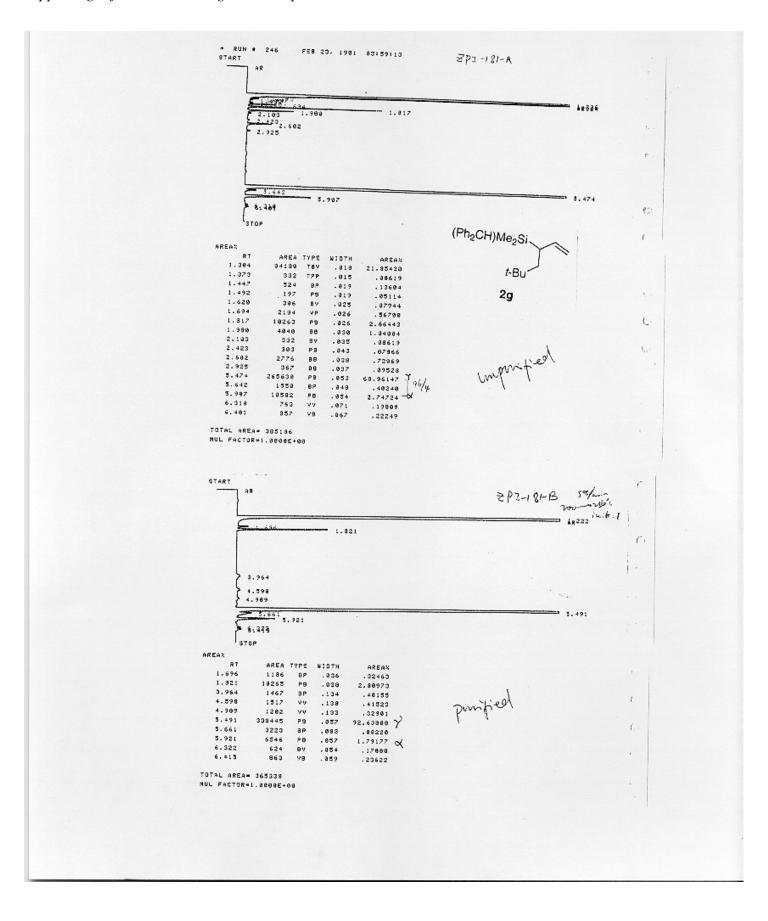
V. Analytic Data:

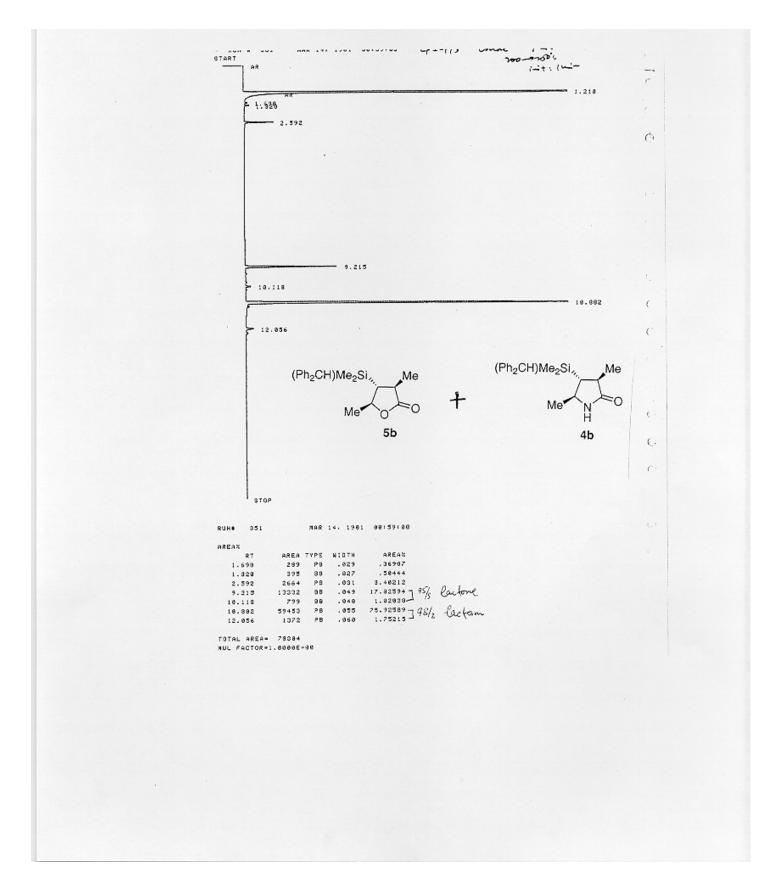


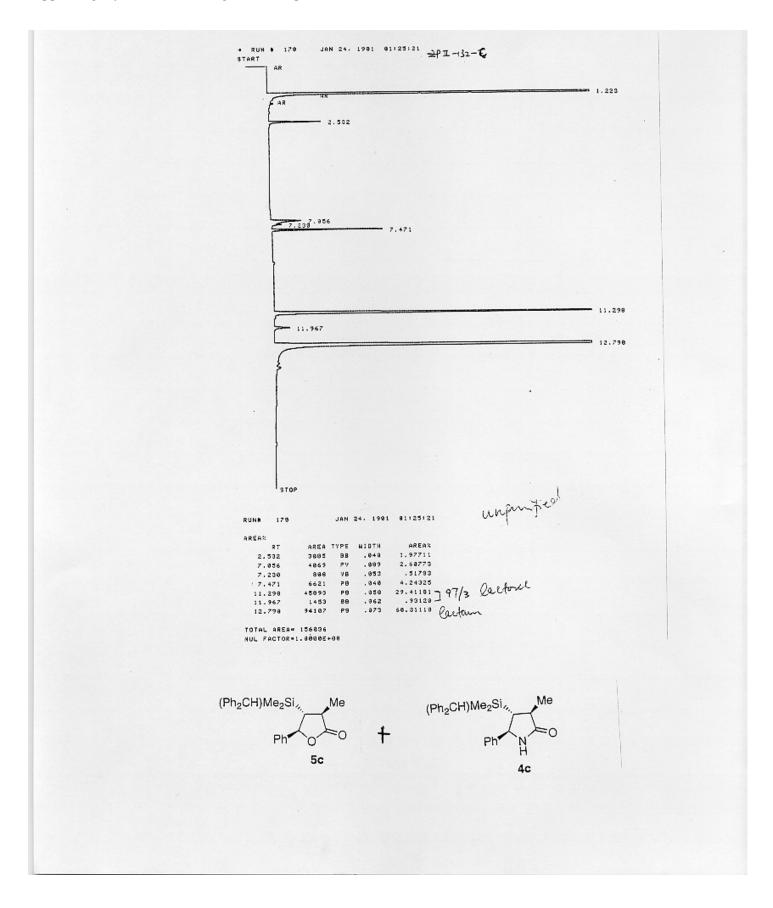


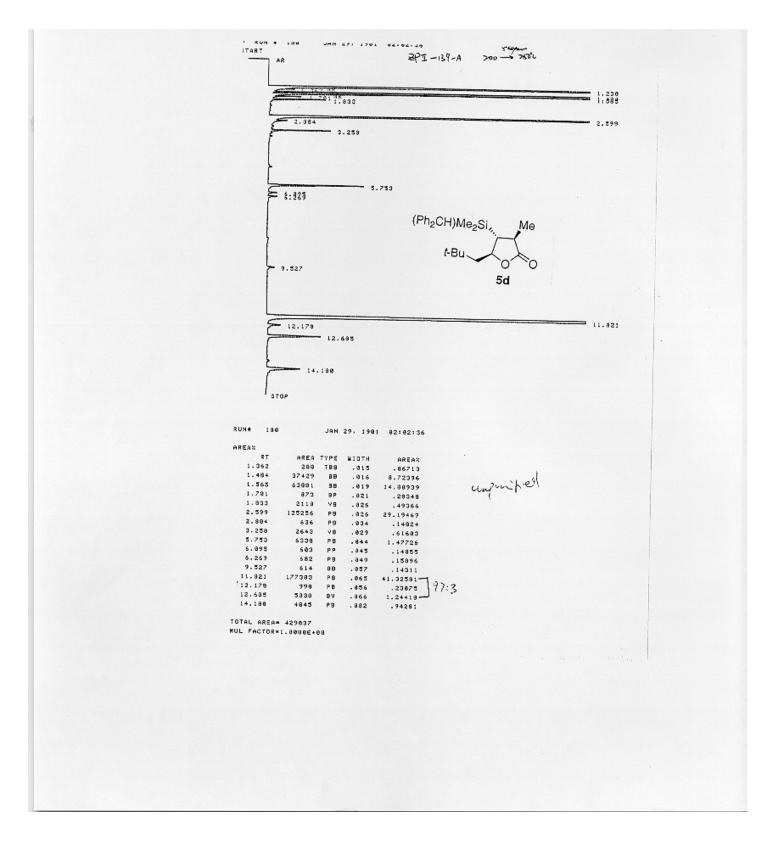


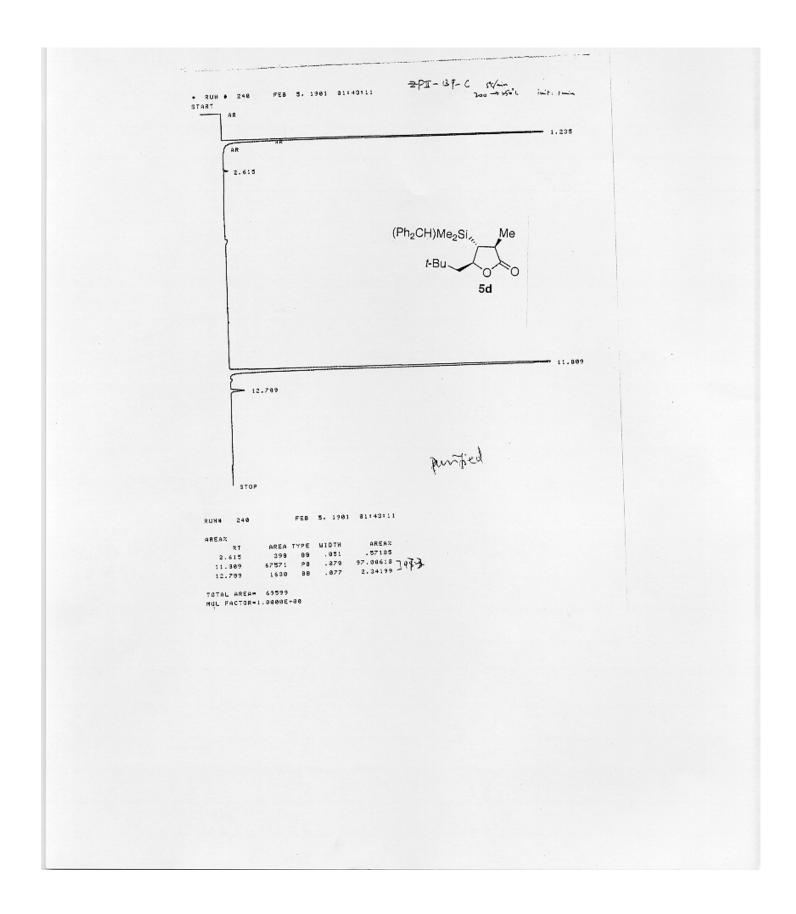


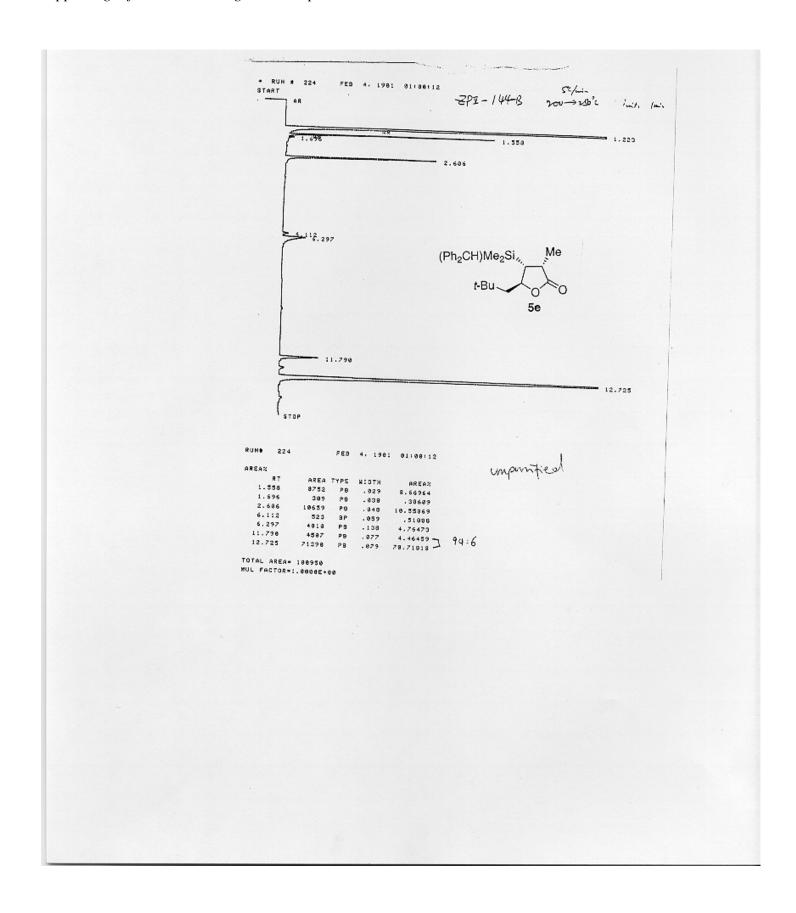


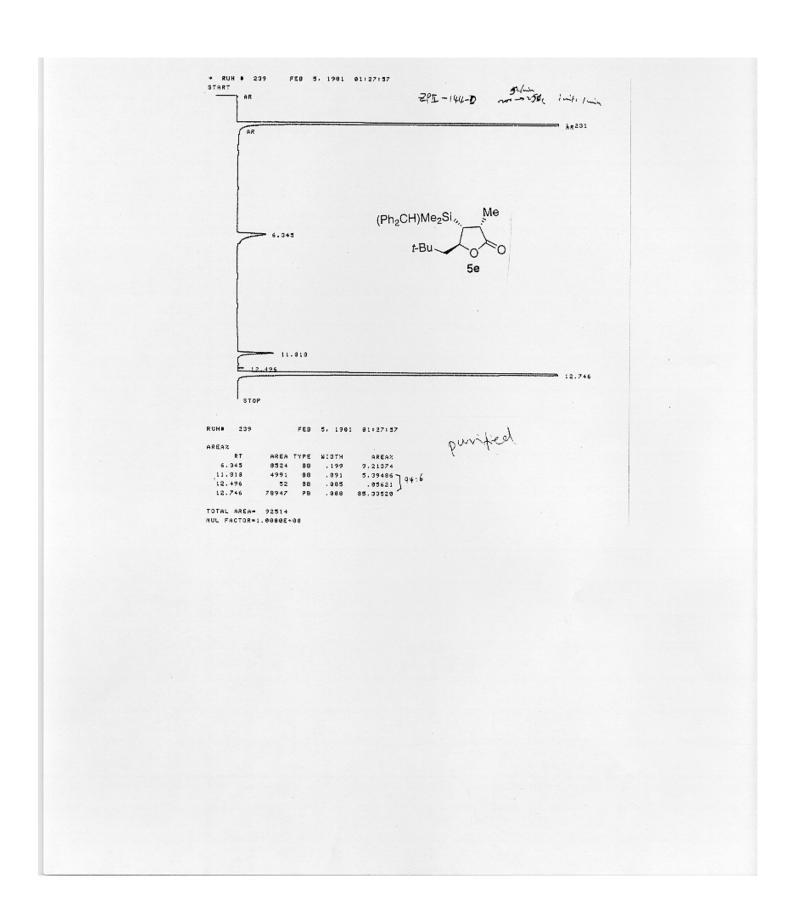


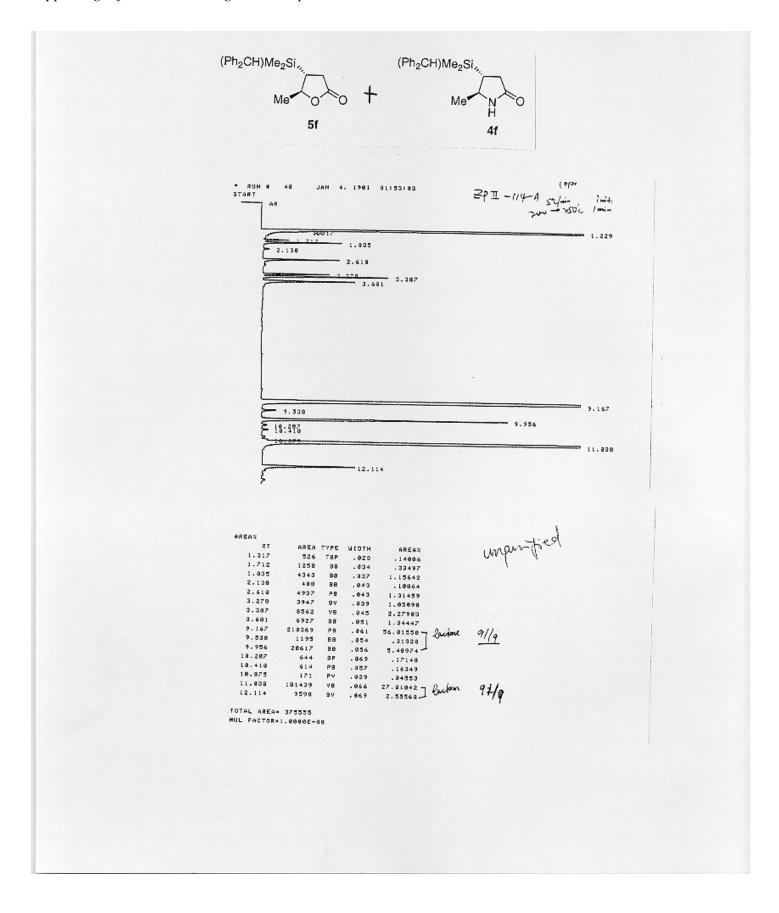


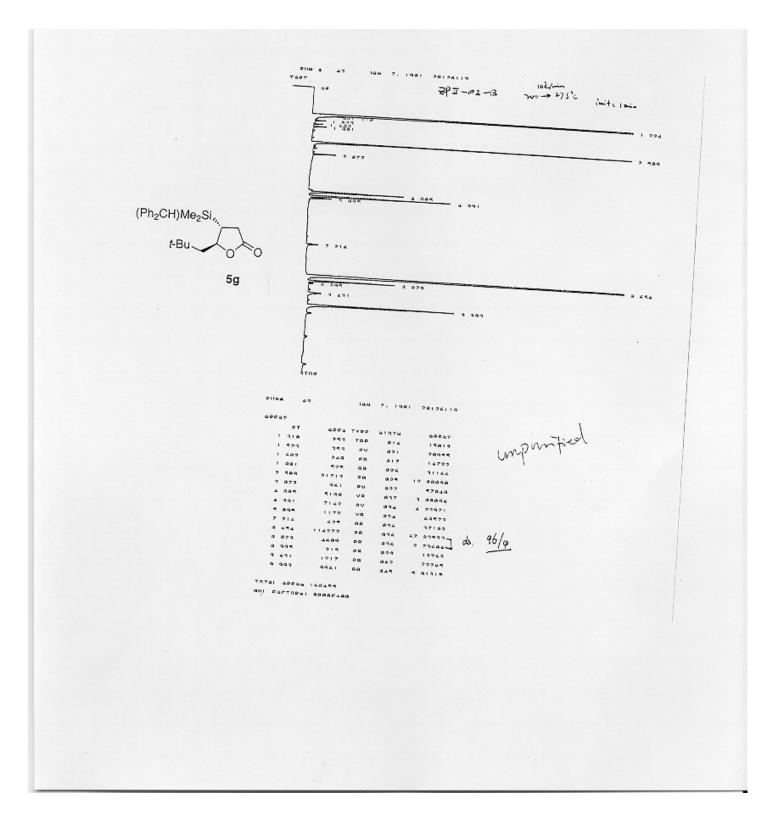


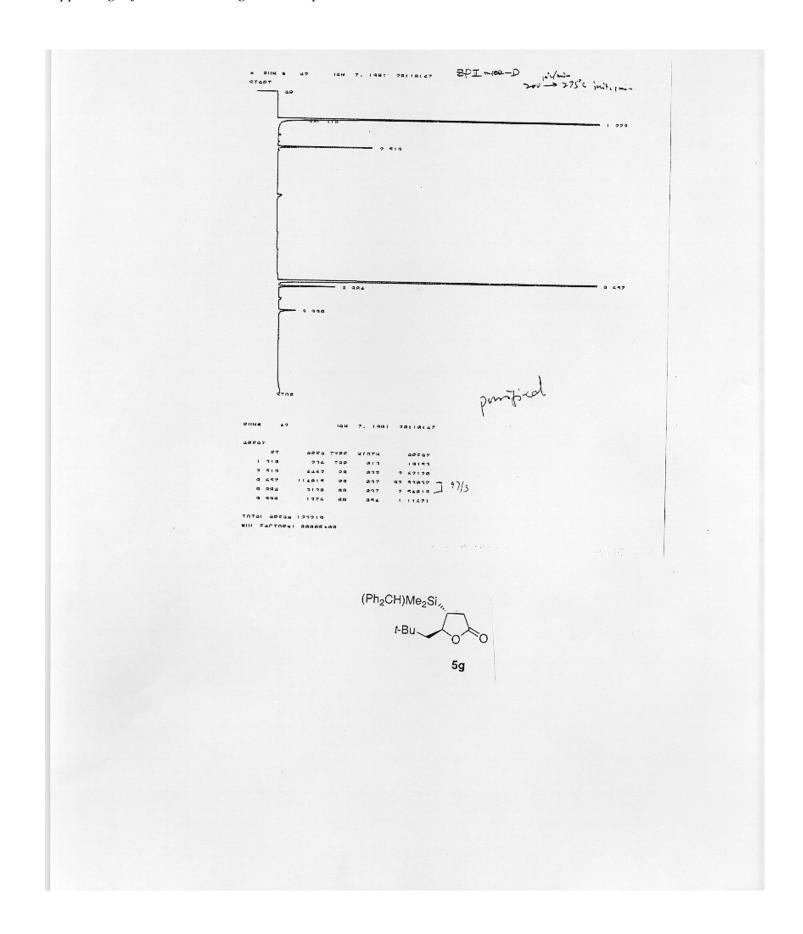


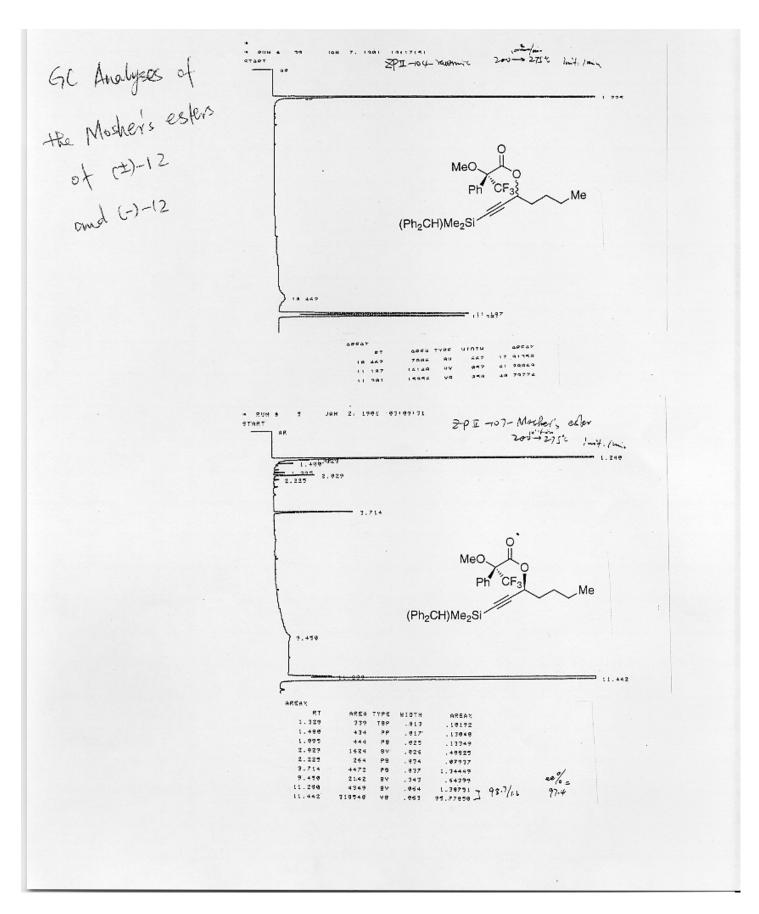


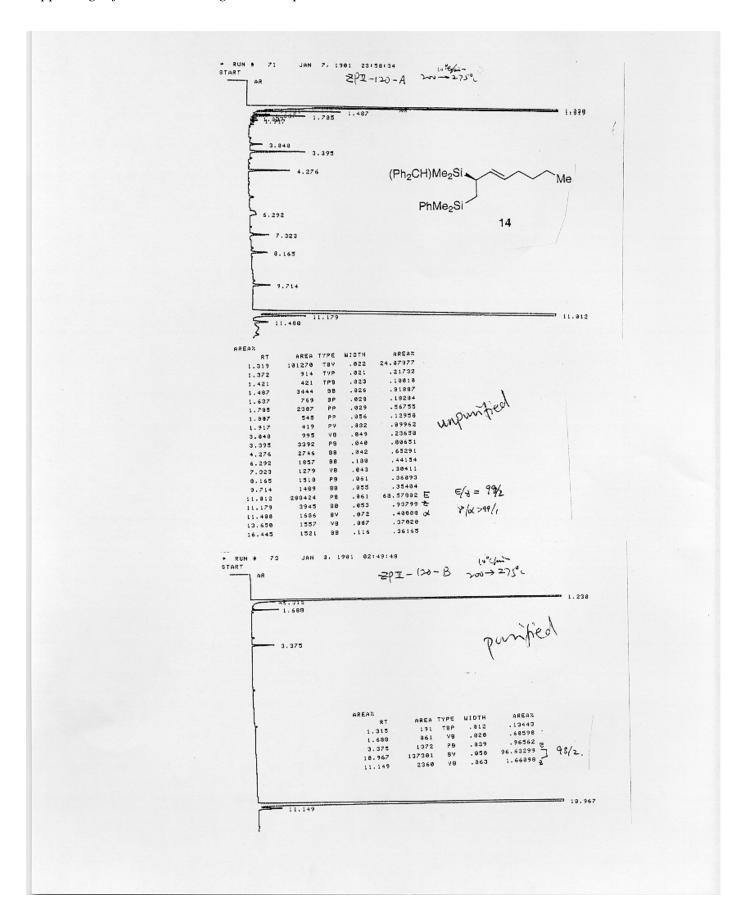


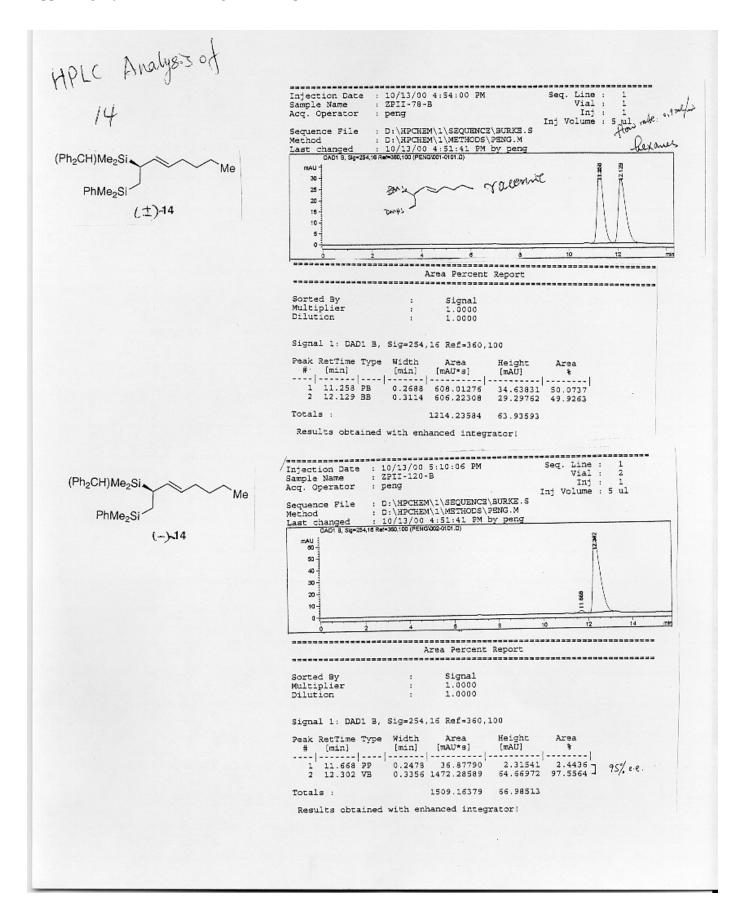


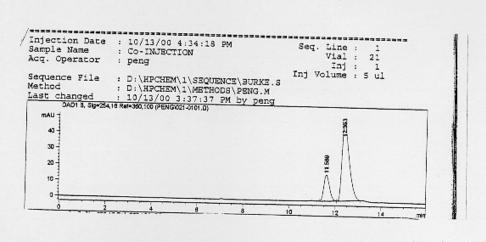












Area Percent Report

Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000

Signal 1: DAD1 B, Sig=254,16 Ref=360,100

 Peak RetTime Type
 Width Area (min) (mAU)*
 Height Area (mWU)*
 Area (mWU)*

 1 11.589 PB
 0.2649 279.93228
 16.41660
 20.7058

 2 12.353 PB
 0.3296 1072.02026
 48.93918
 79.2942

Totals: 1351.95255 65.35578

Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

(Dinjection of (±1-14 and (-)-14

